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POLITICAL MATTERS.

THE GARFIELD-CONKLING COMPACT.

An Interview With a Prominent Republican, in Which he Says the Reported Trade is all Bosh—A Cabinet That Will Discomfit the Stalwarts.

"Pickaway" the well-known correspondent of the Cincinnati Enquirer, recently interviewed "a well known republican' who had just spent three days with General Garfield, and the following is clipped from his report of the talk:

"The Grant-Conkling compact is nothing but democratic balderdash. After the Warren meeting Grant, Conkling, Logan and the elder Cameron called on General Garfield. He received them as his honored guests. They sat around his table and mapped out his administration, as though they were making a partition of their own property. General Garfield was too well bred to take issue with them under his own roof, and under such circumstances. He listened to all they said with dignified silence. They went away impressed with the idea that they had made a bargain. Their assurance nettled General Garfield. This is the true version of the 'compact,' and the first time it has been given out to the public. Conklingism and Grantism, and all these words imply, will find no place under Garfield's administration. He owes nothing, either in his nomination or his election, to these isms or the men who expound them. He will open his office with a clean ledger and no debts to pay. Of course the Grant-Conkling leaders will cry out that General Garfield has broken his agreement; but this was a part of the original scheme, and is a part of the programme to build up the Grant party in 1884. I believe that General Garfield expects infinitely more from the democratic party than from the '306' segment of republicanism, and a very small segment it will prove itself to be when it comes to breaking lances."

In addition, he suggests the following as Garfield's cabinet: Secretary of state, Edmunds, of Vermont; secretary of the treasury, Washburne, of Illinois; secretary of war, McCook, of New York; secretary of the navy, Grow, of Pennsylvania; secretary of the interior, Longstreet, of Louisiana; postmaster general, Goodloe, of Kentucky; attorney general, Harrison, of Indiana. When his attention was called to the fact that he was leaving the Grant-Conkling wing of the party out in the cold, he replied: "That is the important part of the programme. Garfield is going to be president."

There is reason for belief that Garfield has chosen a roundabout way for the purpose of having his views and belief made known to the country—first, because it can not be charged as coming from him, or being semi-official, as it would seem if it appeared in a republican paper of any prominence. The cabinet is a strong one—full of sentiment, and well in keeping with Garfield's ideas in his ideal government. But what everlasting hell there will be among the stalwarts if he selects such a cabinet.

Don Piatt, of Washington, to Hon. James A. Garfield.

WASHINGTON, November 18.—Don Piatt in to day's Capital publishes an open letter addressed to Hon. James A Garfield which, owing to the friendly relations known to exist between these two gentlemen, has produced a decided sensation and has been the general theme of conversation to-day. The letter is quite lengthy. The following are brief extracts therefrom:

"My Dear General: Now that this senseless political row is over and you are the president-elect, I venture, before you are buried in that mansion, through the thick walls and plate glass of which no word of truth ever reaches the incumbent, to write you a few words in the same intimate and friendly spirit that marked our intercourse when we both occupied a cheap boarding house, when I carried my fortunes on the slender nib of a pen as a newspaper correspondent and you sought to support yourself and family on the meager pay of a congressman. I go back to the time when you gladly accepted my aid and sympathy in your troubles and my heartfelt congratulations in your triumphs, and I yours. I feel more anxiety about you, my friend, now that you are fortunate, than in the darkest hour of your life, when life itself seemed so horrible that an escape from it was a temptation. You have passed from the hands of friends to the keeping of enemies to play the part of chief executive for four years." The writer then tells General Garfield that he is not only no politician, but is hated by the politicians, and that history never has and probably never will put to record such an infamy as that upon which he was elected. We have among us certain persons who are bent on changing the form of our self government. They seek to make the presidency a life tenure, and under the name of a stronger government escape the return of power to the people. "You know the man who is to serve their purpose in the treasonable scheme. They bank upon his military record and supposed popularity." Mr. Piatt warns Mr. Garfield against the politicians who are determined, as he has indicated, to change the form of government, and hopes that he will have nothing to do with them except looking to breaking their power. He uses the following language which has attracted more attention than any other part of the letter: "It was your committee that investigated that national shame called black Friday, wherein Fisk, Gould and Grant sought through a use of the national treasury to enrich themselves at the expense of thousands of honest men. It is not my purpose to recall the details of that infamy. The chief criminal was tracked to the threshhold of the executive mansion, and your committee passed a resolution calling upon the president to appear before the committee and defend himself from the damning proof that made him the chief conspirator. The night of the day that the resolution was passed you called with it upon the president. It was after midnight before you left the white house, amazed and sick at heart, and at your suggestion that very day the resolution was revoked. I need not say that you and I know why that resolution was so suddenly abandoned. The fact that under the circumstances it was revoked tells the whole story. The very democrats of the committee shrunk from the threatened exposure." The letter closes as follows: "But you are not a great man. You read in your library of heroic achievements; you soul swells over the poetic appearance; you are full of thought and impulse and all ends in a support of the men you despise and a party with which you have nothing in common."

Garfield and New York.

Edmund Hudson's Washington Letter to Boston Herald.

The speculations about a contest between Conkling and Garfield are dying down a little, because of a dawning consciousness in many minds that the new vice president is a "bigger man than old Conkling," so to speak. The people who know how the campaign was run do not give Mr. Conkling any great amount of credit for carrying New York. But Arthur did strong and very quiet work. He privately marshaled the business men on the one hand, while he dickered with John Kelly on the other. Most people have forgotten the fact that, just before the end of Grant's administration, Mr Conkling endeavored to secure the removal of Mr. Arthur from the New York custom-house, aiming to put his more faithful henchman, Mr. Cornell, in his place. But Gen. Grant liked Arthur personally, and would not remove him. Some remained, and, when Hayes and Sherman made their war on all the old crowd in the custom house, Conkling was compelled to stand by Arthur. Arthur was not Conkling's choice at Chicago. Conkling, in the capacity of a boss, does not of course really like any man whose political power is independent of his own. Arthur does not really owe anything to Congling, for, after all, Conkling did not prevent him from losing the collectorship. Arthur has always refused to break with the Morgan wing of the party in New York. It is this fact that has given him the warm friendship of the New York Times, which has often been Conkling's most unsparing critic. Mr. Arthur will be a good deal more of a power in New York than Mr. Wheeler has been. He will have an understanding from the first with Garfield, and will divide the patronage of New York with Conkling. This will prove a fortunate thing for Garfield—balancing off of Arthur against Conkling. The quidnuncs should not forget this when they prophesy such a complete "let down" to Conkling in New York. It should also be noted that, while Mr. Arthur will not have a voice or vote in the senate, he will be there, and present at executive sessions too. The New York situation is interesting. It is not bad for Garfield.

General Sherman Did Not Vote for Hancock

WASHINGTON, November 18.—The report that General Sherman voted for Hancock is incorrect. He did not think that under the laws of Missouri he was entitled to vote, and he did not make the attempt.

Intelligence has reached here to day, but which has not been authenticated, that the democrats will, after all, have a majority of the California legislature. This may be doubted, but if it should be correct General Mahone would at once drop out of sight as an important factor in the control of the senate. A statement was put into circulation to-day to the effect that when General Mahone was here last week a direct proposition was made to him by a prominent republican to give him the entire federal patronage of Virginia in exchange for his vote. It is alleged that General Mahone was sensible enough to say that even if he was willing to enter into such a corrupt arrangement he knew it would be impossible for the goods to be delivered.

A letter from Senator Grover, of Oregon, dated the 12th instant, at Wilmington, has been received here. Mr. Grover says that his health is much improved, and that he expects to be in Washington by the 20th, to remain for the winter. A friend who saw the senator a few days since says that he was in as good health and spirits as he has been for five years. This would seem to dispose of the statement that Mr. Grover's health would not permit him to take his seat again in the senate.

A gentleman just from Richmond says the feeling among the business people is one of unmixed satisfaction and pleasure over the vote of Virginia, so much so, he says, that the defeat of Hancock has been lost sight of. A Richmond banker said he considered the victory of the funders had added ten million dollars' worth to Richmond's prosperity.

A Visit to General Hancock.

NEW YORK, November 18.—The New York delegation of the Hancock Column political organization of this city visited General Hancock yesterday, and read to him an address, in which they said that though the people who love and honor the whole country had been defeated, it has not diminished the sincere devotion and profound respect of the Hancock Column for him whose advocacy has been unmarked by apostacy, fanaticism, sectional hate or sectional passion. We shall ever, with earnest affection, watch your destiny, while all people will hold you in their keeping as a sentinel in the hour of danger. The solid south that is mentioned by profane lips in mockery, by your ministration is the preserver of a solid union of love, liberty and law. We cordially invite you to our house, which will always be warm with welcome and gladdened and honored by your distinguished presence. The address was signed by Theodore E. Tomlinson, president; Franklin Edison, vice president; William Vanwyck, secretary; John E Bailey, treasurer, and by members of council

General Hancock replied thanking the delegation for their visit, and promising at some future time to make a formal reply to the kindly sentiments expressed in their letter. "You come a day after the fair," he continued smiling, "and I am restrained by motives of delicacy which you can all appreciate from saying more at present."

A New Organization.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., November 18.—At an adjourned meeting of the citizens last night an organization was formed called the "national union association," the object being to assist in building up at the south a liberal progressive party that will strengthen the national feeling and love of the union, favor the establishment and maintenance of free public schools and labor for the protection of the lives and rights of all classes of citizens. General Horatio Rogers was elected president.

Sam Houston's Loyalty.

The romance of the life of General Sam Houston, ex governor, ex senator, ex-president of Texas, has often been told. The story has been revived in a letter to the New York Tribune from the Rev. Dr George W. Samson, former president of Columbian college, Washington, who was Houston's pastor during his senatorship. Dr. Samson fully vouches for the authenticity of the story of Houston's first marriage and his flight to the Cherokee country when he found that his bride was really enamored of another, and had wedded him under duress—a piece of such exceptional chivalry that all who heard of it thought Houston was insane. Dr. Samson contributes a new anecdote about the old Texan in connection with Lincoln and the outbreak of the civil war. We give it in his own words:

"When secession and the war following it came, Sam Houston was almost alone in oppositing it, in open words and in direct acts. When in varied companies the remark was dropped that Lincoln would not be peaceably inaugurated, Houston firmly said: 'The man that attempts to prevent it shall walk over my dead body!' True to his word, when on the day of inauguration videttes were at every street corner where the procession was to pass, close up to the left side of the carriage in which Lincoln sat, with Buchanan on his right, the tall form of Houston, mounted and armed, was seen throughout the whole route, pressing so closely up to the wheels that no man could have passed between. Such a record should set aside any suspicion that Houston was not in every relation a model of loyalty. Retiring to the bosom of his family he lived two years in yet another political exile; but adored in his family, and not 'an alien from the commonwealth of the redeemed.'"

BEACONSFIELD'S NEW BOOK.

Gladstone Not to Figure in It—The Publisher's Price.

LONDON, November 17.—Lord Beaconsfield's new novel, "Endymion," will be published towards the end of this month. It has been generally reported and believed that Mr. Gladstone was to figure largely in its pages and possibly to be mentioned in as uncomplimentary fashion as Professor Goldwin Smith was in "Lothair," but it is stated upon the very best authority that this is not the case. There will, however, be several pungent sketches of well known men and women of the day. The Longmans have paid the immense sum of £10,000 for the manuscript. No such price was ever heard of before for a novel, and I understand that Lord Beaconsfield is so much pleased with this liberal treatment that he has promised the same enterprising firm a novel to succeed "Endymion," for which he has been offered similar terms. The interest of the literary, of the social and political world is concentrated on this new book, and the first edition will be of not less than 20,000 copies

A Notice to Knights of Honor.

LOUISVILLE, November 17.—Hon. W. B Hoke, supreme dictator of the Knights of Honor, received, to-day, a private telegram from Jamestown, N. Y., announcing the death of R. A. Osmer, supreme treasurer of that order. Subordinate lodges throughout the United States have been instructed to hold further remittances until the successor of the deceased is announced.

The World's Fair.

NEW YORK, November 18.—The world's fair executive committee to-day adopted a resolution that it is the duty of the authorities of New York city and state to allow a portion of Central park to be occupied for the purposes of exhibition Between 150 and 200 acres will be required.

Cold Weather.

ALBANY, N. Y., November 18.—The cars reaching here to-day were covered with snow The passengers report that it snowed all the way from Montreal to Plattsburg. A cold wave struck this city about noon, the thermometer falling thirteen degrees in half an hour.

Don Cameron's Daughter Married

HARRISBURG, PA., November 18.—The marriage of Senator J. Donald Cameron's daughter, Elizabeth, to William H Bradley, son of Justice Bradley, of the United States supreme court, took place on the 17th.

Alabama Legislature.

MONTGOMERY, November 18.—The democrats of the legislature in a caucus this afternoon nominated James L. Pugh for United States senator, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Senator Houston, which has been filled by Senator Price by appointment. The election takes place next Tuesday.

SHOCKING SCENES

IN THE BURNING LUNATIC ASYLUM.

Six Hundred Insane Amid the Flames—Probably Twenty Lives Lost—Many of the Inmates Wander Away and are Supposed to Have Frozen to Death.

ST. PAUL, November 18.—A bulletin to the Pioneer Press from St. Peter says the number of lives lost by burning and freezing in the insane asylum is variously estimated at from twenty to fifty. The loss on the building is $300,000.

A special dated at 4 a. m. says the scenes at the burning of the south wing of the hospital were heart-rending in the extreme. So appalling a sight has rarely been witnessed, and I trust may never be again. The patients in the annex wing were males, and many of them refused to leave the building at all. They ran up and down the halls screaming and crying, and acting like bedlamites. They were, of course, those who could not be coaxed nor forced out of the building and became the unhappy victims of the flames and were suffocated. Others were saved, some by ladders and some by leaping from the windows. Some were nearly nude, some shoeless and hatless, and all were exposed to the exceeding cold of the night. Many of the poor demented and crazed inmates fled as if for their lives, and could not be overtaken or confined. Their sufferings in this frightful condition can better be imagined than described.

The whole catastrophe is fearful to contemplate, and impossible to describe. The poor dazed inmates of the asylum, who had escaped the flames were at large, half clothed, and were to be seen in all directions, flying in wild fright from those who attempted to save them. The air was bitter cold, and the poor wretches with half-naked bodies and bleeding feet were flying about, hiding in alleys and dark corners. It was a sight once seen never to be forgotten. For some time the capacity of the building has been tried to its utmost. There were about six hundred patients, and every inch of space was utilized. What will be done with these poor creatures turned out in the cold, and their malady increased by the excitement of the occasion, is a serious question There are two other buildings situated in the town which are used, but they are already crowded to their full capacity. The asylum at Rochester is full, and will doubtless be unable to provide accommodations for any of the inmates at St. Peter.

Another special says: While the flames were slowly progressing, the matrons of the female department made all haste to get their inmates out, and many of them ran shrieking in their night-clothes in the snowdrifts, even burying themselves in the snow, and had to be dragged into barns and sheds, while those near by wrapped blankets and shawls around them. Hence intense suffering could not be avoided, as they had to be taken about fifteen or twenty rods through the snow to the nearest shelter, which was on a hill immediately in rear of the south wing. Yet when we turn to the male apartments our blood runs cold as we gaze into burning walls and realize what was the doom of more than one poor demented man. To-night these were crowded into the long corridors of the south wing and stood around there moaning and shivering like poor dumb brutes.

The actual number burned cannot be gotten at in any way at the present time, as many are known to have wandered away in the intense excitement that prevailed throughout the whole premises. Several bodies were taken out of some of the rooms and halls. Several persons were gotten out into the halls, when they would seem determined to return to the flames. One room, occupied by two, was broken into, and, while one was dragged out, the other was determined to remain in his warm bed, and, when dragged out, insisted on waiting to be dressed An old man named Adams was taken out dead.

The engine telegraphed for from St. Paul did not arrive, if at all, in time to do any good There were about six hundred patients in all at the asylum. The flames spread very rapidly from the basement, filling the halls completely full of smoke and making it impossible to do anything at saving the inmates of the north wing only by putting up ladders and prying off the fire screens from the doors, taking them out and actually bringing them down in their arms, without clothing in many cases At other windows there were three or four begging to be saved from death, while flame were bursting from the adjoining windows One poor fellow was dragged through a half-open screen and badly mangled. One fireman was also injured by the Mankato company's force pump handle, which struck him on the shoulder. Also a St Peter man was injured by falling on the steps in the main hall. Assistance has been telegraphed for to Rochester, Minnesota, and Saint Paul for food, clothing and shelter for the men. The fire is under control, and two-thirds of the hospital saved. The entire walls of the burnt part are standing entire. Two Mankato hose carts arrived by special train about eleven o'clock and the boys have done splendid work, but will not leave until it is completely out.

A special from St Peters at 8 p.m. says: It is still difficult to get at the names and particulars of the awful calamity that came upon us last night, as all is terror and excitement, and the grim ruin and the slowly rising smoke strike the heart as sullen reminders of the shocking fire. To get at a complete list of those killed and hurt is not now among the possibilities. I have just seen Dr Bartlett, of the asylum, and he says there are not more than twelve lives lost, and probably as many more hurt and suffering from the bitter cold of last night. Indeed, more people are believed hurt and dying from exposure to the weather than from burns received last night. Other people say as many as twenty insane people either perished in the flames or died on the cold hills during the night. So many of the patients have disappeared that it can not be told who are dead and who ran away. The suffering has been terrible, and no pen can describe it or human mind realize it. One hundred patients are helpless as children, and are seemingly shocked and dazed, so as to render them almost insensible Governor Pillsbury heads a band of noble workers, who are doing everything possible for the comfort of the distressed The governor says he can make arrangements for the accommodation of most of the insane of St. Peter in the hospital houses here.

Mr. Carson, of Minneapolis, has found the dead body of his father-in-law, Mr. Abrams, and will have it removed to Minneapolis as soon as possible.

The real damage to the hospital building will amount to $200,000. The center building and south wing have been preserved, and the ruins of the other portions of the building are being overhauled as fast as possible in search of the dead. The officers of the institution are making every effort to discover the whereabouts of missing patients and to take care of those still here. Arrangements will be perfected before the night closes by which all will be comfortably cared for.

The telegraph office here is overwhelmed with messages from all parts of the state. The greatest difficulty is met in receiving or sending any news Some part of the surviving patients will be distributed between the Ramsay and Hennepin county poor farms and the branch asylum at Rochester, to be cared for, and others, including the worst cases will be provided for at Minneapolis. It seems impossible to get any names to-night.

Congressman Strait, president of the new board of trustees of the St. Peter asylum, telegraphs to the Pioneer Press at midnight that the number of dead will not exceed ten Another correspondent estimates the number at 10 to 15 The inmates are being returned to their homes and checked off. No names are given. A full list is promised to-morrow.

ST PETER, MINN., November 18.—The official list of the missing and dead among the late inmates of the insane asylum is furnished by the officers of the hospital. It embraces the names of twenty-seven persons, all residents of Minnesota prior to commitment to the asylum The eleven mentioned as "probably burned" were demented and sick patients, incapable of making any effort to save themselves. The following is told by an eye-witness of the fate of six male patients who were seen crowding around a window in the upper story during the progress of the fire. They were wonderfully apathetic, and were apparently more interested in the work of the firemen, as a child might be interested in such a scene than in caring for their own safety. They did not appreciate nor understand the mortal peril in which they were placed, but gobbled at times among themselves with apparent delight at the spectacle, as if the affair were something specially ordered for their entertainment. At times as the flames came upon them they would move aside, but only for a moment. Finally, when their retreat had been effectually cut off, some of them seemed to realize in their dim intellects the extremity in which they were placed and turned to escape, but on returning to address a tirade of gibberish to the firemen, the floor gave way beneath them and they fell back, uttering a chorus of horrible imprecations, and were roasted.

PITTSBURG, November 18.—Early this morning a fire broke out in the Enterprise gun works and the entire building was gutted. A large amount of cartridges on the second floor ignited and kept up a continual fusilade, preventing the firemen from approaching the building. A valuable building adjoining was badly damaged by water. Loss $35 000 Bown & Sons, the proprietors of the gun works, have been burned out three times within 12 years, besides having their works gutted by a mob during the riots of 1877.

MISSISSIPPI IMPROVEMENTS.

Meeting of the Inter-State River Convention.

NEW ORLEANS, November 18.—In the Mississippi valley inter-state river improvement convention to day, the committee on resolutions reported the following, which was adopted:

Whereas, The congress of the United States, by an act passed and approved by the president June 28th, 1879, created a Mississippi river commission, composed of engineers and scientific experts, whose duty it was to take into consideration and mature such plan or plans as will connect, permanently locate, and deepen the channel and protect the banks of the Mississippi river, improve, and give safety and ease to the navigation thereof, and for other purposes; and,

Whereas, The said commission, after a careful survey, have made a detailed report as to the most practicable, feasible and economic method of improving the navigation and commerce of the Mississippi river; and.

Whereas, Bill number 6,326 has been introduced and is now pending in the congress of the United States, framed in accordance with the plans, estimates and specifications, and drawn in accordance with the report of said commission therefore be it

Resolved, That this convention cordially approve the report of said commission, and earnestly request the senators and members of congress from the states included in the Mississippi valley, to use their best efforts to procure the passage of said bill.

Resolved, That we recognize the improvement of tributary streams as second only in importance to the Mississippi stream, and that it is the duty and interest of the general government to inaugurate a general system of river improvement embracing the whole system of rivers in the valley of the Mississippi.

Resolved, That the legislatures of the states, the chambers of commerce, boards of trade and other commercial and municipal bodies, in every city and town on the Mississippi river and its tributaries be and they are hereby requested to take such action as may aid in the passage of bill No 6,326, now pending before congress for the improvement of the Mississippi river.

Resolutions submitted by Mr. Wood, of Pennsylvania, were also adopted, that the department of the government having charge of snagboats in the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, as far as practicable in short crossings, remove snags and wrecks, so as to make a clear channel of at least 800 feet.

By Mr. Mitchell, of Missouri,

Resolved, That, with the view of facilitating and extending commerce between the states of the Mississippi valley, the West Indies, Mexico, Central and other South American states and Brazil, this committee do recommend to congress such legislation as shall establish and maintain a regular and continuous mail service between New Orleans and such ports and foreign countries herein named as the postmaster general may deem best suited to the interest of trade and commerce.

After adopting resolutions of thanks to the officers, the convention adjourned sine die.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

Southern Express Company vs. Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

NASHVILLE, November 18.—Judge Key in the United States court to day rendered a decision in the case of the Southern express company vs. the Louisville and Nashville railroad. He granted a preliminary injunction to continue until further ordered the decree of the court restrains the railroad from imposing upon or exacting from the plaintiff in the conduct of the express business on the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas railroad and the Western railroad of Alabama, any terms or conditions not imposed at the time, and from disturbing in any way the enjoyment by the Southern express company of the facilities and means of conducting the express business on the lines mentioned. In his decision, Judge Key says: "The conduct of the express business is no part of the duty of the railroad Until within a recent period there has been in this country no effort on the part of the railroads to carry it on. They have been content not only to permit this business to be done over their lines by others, but have fostered it by terms allowed and opportunities given until it has grown into a distinct, separate and organized branch of the general business, different in its methods and characteristics from the natural and legitimate transactions of railroads; expressage has grown into a public necessity. The idea cannot now be entertained that railroads, directly or by indirection, can destroy express enterprises by excluding express companies from their lines, or by fettering them with unjust regulations or unfair discriminations Nor can a railroad company assume to itself the exclusive right or privilege of carrying express business over its own lines or any portion of them. I do not undertake to say that the railroad may not undertake to act as expressman, but if it should undertake to do so it must do as an expressman and not as a railroad. It is no part of its duty or privilege as a railroad. If, then, in the conduct of its business as an expressman, its duties, relations and operations be different and distinct from those appertaining to it as a railroad, it must treat its express department as though it had a separate individuality from that of the railroad—as though it were a stranger to the railroad in so far as its relations to its trans action with other express companies.

WITH A BED BLANKET

A Young Man Attempts to Hang Himself.

Yesterday evening a young man, well known in Atlanta and whose family stands well in social circles, was arrested and placed in the calaboose on account of an excessive drunk.

Last night about 10 o'clock the colored watchman, who was sitting near the door leading to the cells, heard a noise emanating from the prison, and entering, found the young man suspended to the bars of his cell door by a blanket which he had twisted around his neck. The alarm was at once given and Officer Haynes succeeded in extricating the would be suicide from his perilous position.

When asked why he wished to kill himself, he declined to give an answer, and after the officer left, made the second effort to suicide, but was again prevented, and this time the blankets were removed.

About midnight he was released from prison and taken to his home, where he is now being watched by his parents.

Recovering Her Sight at the Age of Ninety.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., November 18.—Mrs. Jane Crocker, widow of the late Daniel Crocker, has recently recovered her sight at the age of 90 Mrs. Crocker is a town charge, and ex-Poor Master Weigand cares for her. She has no relatives living. For a long time she has worn glasses, but a short time ago she discovered that she had no need of them She now reads the finest print with ease and rapidity without their use. She tells many interesting tales of past events. She is hale and hearty, and bids fair to live to see her one hundredth birthday.

Pullman Car Company.

NASHVILLE, TENN., November 17.—The United States circuit court to-day, on motion of Judge Lochrane, counsel for the Pullman Southern car company, granted an order in the car company's favor, restraining the officers of Tennessee from the sale of property levied on to collect license as privilege tax. The argument being that Pullman cars are run by contract with railroad companies, and not as a privilege from the state.

Election Frauds.

GREENVILLE, S. C., November 18.—The clerk of the board of managers, a white democrat, and one white citizen, also a democrat, were arrested here to-day charged with fraud in the recent election. It is understood that many other arrests are to follow in this, the fourth, congressional district, which gave a democratic candidate 14,000. United States Commissioner Blythe, who examined the accused, is the defeated republican candidate

A Brutal Murder.

CHARLESTON, S C., November 18.—William Mattox, an inoffensive old white man, was brutally murdered at his house near Donald's depot, on the Abbeville railroad, last night. Two men asked for lodging, and it being denied, they entered the house and demanded Mattox's money. Not getting it, they killed him and took $700 No clue to the murderers have yet been discovered. The wife of the deceased was in an adjoining room.

Almost a Fatal Fall.

Yesterday Henry Cobb, a colored laborer, came near being killed. He was engaged at Moore & Marsh's new building on Line street, and was carrying a piece of timber and walking backward, when he stepped off a plank and fell to the floor below, a distance of eighteen feet. Strange to say his only injury was a deep cut on the head, which was not dangerous enough to prevent his being out during the evening. He says he will resume work to day.

The Augusta Races.

AUGUSTA, GA, November 18.—Forty noted horses are already here for the races of the Citizens' association next week. They came from New York, St. Louis, Chicago, Nashville, Charleston and other places. A number of others are expected this week.

A Railroad Accident.

GALVESTON, November 17.—A News Corsicana special says: "A special train carrying four companies of the 16th infantry, struck a broken rail four miles above here this evening ditching four coaches. Twenty five men were wounded, several seriously.

Dead.

BALTIMORE, November 18.—Hon. John Lee Chapman, formerly mayor of Baltimore, died suddenly to-day.

ALL AROUND US.

WHAT THE PEOPLE ARE DOING.

Raising Tropical Fruit in Americus—Elbert County Establishes a Chain-Gang—Municipal Affairs in Chattanooga—The News in General.

WASHINGTON, November 18.—Mr. Thomas Burdett, an old and respected planter of this county, died yesterday after a long illness ——Washington is to have a telephone within thirty days ——Considerable improvements going on around town. Mr T. B Green has just finished a magnificent store and a large brick wareyard ——The various mud holes were filled with ice on the morning of the 16th inst.——Miss Sallie Edgar, a former resident of this place, recently living in Augusta, died at that place on yesterday at a ripe old age. Her name has been a household word in this county for the last forty years. Her remains were brought here to day for interment.——The oat crop in the county is looking magnificently. A considerable amount of "Bill Dallas" wheat is being shipped from here to various parts of the state. It is the only variety that withstands the rust with any degree of satisfaction to the farmer.——Jim Blackburn, one of the four persons engaged in the Turner murder last February, and sentenced for life to the penitentiary, has been pardoned by the governor for turning state's evidence, and he now walks the streets a free and wiser man. The other three are sentenced for life, with no hope of pardon. Thus ends one of the foulest murders that ever blackened the fair name of Wilkes.

CHATTANOOGA, November 17.—The municipal election takes place here to morrow—a mayor, marshal and five aldermen are to be elected. M J. O'Brien, for mayor and J. J. Lowery for marshal, are the democratic nominees. John A Hart for mayor, and W. P. Dale for marshal, the republican nominees. The contest bids fair to be a lively one, with a fair prospect for the democrats to win. Both parties have selected good men, and both parties are united upon one issue, that is, the upbuilding of Chattanooga ——Last night Colonel S. B. Lowe was married to Miss Elsie E. Tucker. The wedding was private, the ceremony being performed at the residence of Captain J. W. McGrath's, the Rev. H. H Sneed officiating. Colonel Lowe is a prominent iron merchant, and one of Chattanooga's most successful business men. His bride, an accomplished lady, is a daughter of J. J. Tucker, of Lansing, Mich.——The railroad business in every department is booming ——The Mormons referred to in my last, are congregating here preparatory to leaving to-morrow. About fifty will leave here, and be joined by others at Nashville and Union City, Tenn.——The health and prosperity of our city was never better ——Many of our citizens rejoice with THE CONSTITUTION in the election of Joseph E. Brown to the senatorship.

AMERICUS, November 17.—Americus is taking on a somewhat tropical aspect in the way of fruit raising A few days since Dr. A C. Black exhibited a magnificent bunch of bananas grown on his lot in the city, and on yesterday, Mrs. I. M. Stanford sent to one of our green groceries for sale, a lot of very fine sweet oranges of her own raising. She has one tree which will yield three or four barrels of this luscious fruit this season ——Our huntsmen have commenced their annual slaughter of the ducks, and some of them have met with fine luck, and brought in fine specimens of that web-footed family.

NEWNAN, November 18.—Mr. T. G Farmer and Miss Sallie Farer both of this place, were married yesterday evening, the 17th inst., at 8 o'clock. A large number of friends and acquaintances witnessed the ceremony, which was performed at the Baptist church in a very beautiful and impressive manner by Rev. J H Hall. The beautiful and accomplished bride received many hand some and substantial presents. Mr. Farmer is one of our most enterprising young men and ought to consider himself lucky in securing such a lovely prize.

GRIFFIN, November 18.—The wife of Colonel A. W. Walker died yesterday after a protracted illness, from paralysis. There was also another very sad death here yesterday. Little Ada, the beautiful two year old child of Mr. W. L Goodrich, was called away, and the hearts of the devoted parents are deeply crushed The funeral will take place at half-past two o'clock this afternoon ——A pleasant tea party was given Miss Mattie Hardin last evening at the residence of Colonel E. W. Beck.

ELBERTON, November 17.—A regular town chain-gang was established here yesterday, which will be a terror to violators of the town ordinances ——Dr. A S Oliver has purchased some valuable land from the county near the public square, and will put valuable machinery on it. ——There are six regular confectionery stores in Elberton, and another to be opened in a few days. ——The Baptists are to have a fine brick church in the near future.

SPARTA, November 17.—It is rumored on good authority that Captain Frank Burnett has sold his elegant house and lot in town to a gentleman of large means living in the county. Captain Burnett intends moving to Atlanta soon, and thus the gate city will gain one more courteous, intelligent, enterprising gentleman.——Dr. Pierce Hubert, a prominent young physician, of Warrenton, is visiting our town.

What the Papers Say.

Covington Star.

We regret to learn that Andrews's hall, in Oxford, was partly destroyed by fire on Monday afternoon. About twenty of the young men roomed in the hall and their trunks and clothing were all in the hall when the fire was discovered. After much hard work the fire was extinguished and the trunks saved, but the building is seriously damaged.

Dublin Post.

Three weeks ago Colonel Wayne's fine dwelling, with all his furniture, books, etc., was destroyed by fire. Last Thursday he had his hand badly cut in a gin, which will cause him the loss of the use of two fingers. He was standing by the gin with his hand on the saws. Some one near the gin, speaking to his team, said "go ahead!" The engineer thought the command came from Colonel Wayne and was intended for him, and so turned on the steam. It was a serious mistake, but Colonel Wayne says it could easily have been much worse; for, had the engine been started a moment later he would have been in a position to have probably lost his life.

Talbotton Register.

Mr. B. S. Callier is one of the modest farmers of Talbot county He cultivates only a few acres in cotton, and generally makes about a bale of lint to the acre. The balance of his farm is devoted to wheat, oats, rye, barley, corn, peas, potatoes, etc, of which he makes excellent crops, and always clears money on his year's operation. He finds a ready market for everything he has to sell and disposes of his surplus at good prices. He doesn't owe anything is enterprising and energetic. Mr. Callier's is by no means an exceptional case. There are scores of farmers in Talbot county who have learned to make money by farming, whether they 'run' on cotton or diversity their crops. The interests of the entire county are on the improve.

Butler Herald.

We regret to chronicle a fatal accident which occurred at No. 6 on the Southwestern railroad on Friday evening last. Mr. Willis Jinks who is one of our most worthy young men, and whom we learn has been engaged for the past few weeks in filling a cross-tie contract for the Talbotton railroad, employing a large number of hands among them Elisha Baldwin, an industrious and inoffensive negro. Preparing for their return home late in the afternoon of Friday, Mr Jinks taking from his pocket a pistol belonging to Elisha Baldwin, attempted to revolve the cylinder when his attention being called in another direction his thumb slipped and the loaded barrel was immediately discharged, the contents entering the abdomen of the negro mentioned above. He was at once brought to the home of his parents where he died early yesterday morning It was purely accidental and is much regretted by Mr. Jinks.

Macon Telegraph.

We have just received full particulars of a hunt in which two of Macon's young society men were recently engaged. Shouldering their guns, they made their way out to Fletcher's mill, and were crossing a field, when a couple of ferocious hogs attacked the pointer dog and ran him out of the enclosure. The nimrods laughed heartily at the dog's antics, but were astonished a few minutes later to find themselves the subjects of the hogs' attention. Acting upon the implied advice of the dog, at that moment smiling in sweet security, they made a bee line for the fence. The race was short and sharp. One hunter struck the top rail only as he went over, but his comrade found himself penned in a corner, and afraid to turn his back on his assailant long enough to climb. He brought his gun down to "charge bayonets," ordered the pig to stand back, and fired, shooting the animal's ear off. It took some little time to explain matters to the owner of the belligerent pig, but he was finally satisfied. He said he would never let any man's pig bite him, either.

Macon and Brunswick Railroad.

By reference to the proceedings of yesterday it will be seen that a bill has been introduced in the house by the Macon and Brunswick railroad company for further time of purchase money. We learn that the application is based on embarrassments produced by various suits brought by owners of the $600,000 of bonds in the federal courts, which suits may not be decided for some years, pending which the company cannot issue bonds or adopt other financial measures for raising money in consequence of this cloud on their possession of the property. These bonds of $600,000 were issued by the old Macon and Brunswick railroad company; were at one time acknowledged as valid, having received the indorsement of the state, but subsequently repudiated. The owners being unable to recover from the state, are endeavoring now that the road has passed into private hands to hold the property liable The present company with a desire to commence work on the Atlanta connection, ask for indulgence in time of further payments. The next installment is due 1st March, 1882. $250,000; the last of $675,000 on 1st March, 1884. with 5 per cent interest. The bill asks an annual payment in the way of a sinking fund, commencing June 1st, 1880, which will extinguish the principal within 30 years, (or in less time at the option of the purchasers by a full payment), the interest to be paid also annually with payment of the sinking fund, amounting in the aggregate in round numbers to about $70,000 at that date—the state retaining her original lien in every respect as at present prescribed by the terms of sale.

Inasmuch as this application is based altogether on the immediate commencement by the company of work on the road between Macon and Atlanta, a failure to do so being guarded by stringent provisions in the bill, the security of the state being thus enhanced, there would seem to be no impropriety in the legislature granting its assent to the terms proposed. The new company ask to be named in future the Atlanta, Macon and Brunswick railway company.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT

To R. A. Osmer, Supreme Treasurer of the Knights of Honor of the United States, Who Died at the Kimball House, in the City of Atlanta, at 6 p. m., November 15, 1880.

Pursuant to notice the members of Georgia lodge and Gate City lodge met in their lodge room at 1:30 p. m., November 16 The lodge was called to order and presided over by Dr. William King, Grand Vice Dictator of Georgia, assisted by Grigsby E Thomas, Jr., Grand Assistant Dictator of Georgia. R W Tidwell, Dictator of Georgia lodge, H. W. Thomas, Dictator of Gate City lodge. W. F. Slaton, Past Grand Dictator of the state of Georgia, pronounced a eulogy upon the memory of the deceased and offered appropriate resolutions, which were adopted by a rising vote

The Grand Vice Dictator then appointed the following pall bearers: Of Georgia lodge—R W. Tidwell, Dictator; W. F Slaton, P D.; C J Kicklighter P D; of Gate City lodge—H. W. Thomas, Dictator; J. S Doyle, V. D.; R. G. Thompson, V D

Colonel H. Hamby was appointed Marshal. The members of the two lodges and the officers of the Grand Lodge of Georgia then proceeded to the Kimball and escorted the remains to the depot and placed them upon the 2.50 p. m. train, in charge of Clark Howell, Jr., Past Dictator of Gate City lodge, who will accompany them and the bereaved widow and two orphan children to their home in Jamestown, New York.

Agricultural Report.

WASHINGTON, D C, November 18.—The department of agriculture report of the corn crop shows no increase over last year, but a decline for the whole country The Atlantic states show an increase. The gulf states suffered from drought in the spring and too much rain in the summer, except Texas, which almost doubles her production. In other sections, some states show an increase, others a decrease. There was less land planted in tobacco this year than last There is a decrease, principally in Maryland and Virginia. In Ohio, Pennsylvania and Wisconsin a decided increase The average yield as reported November first, is 740 pounds per acre against 795 last year. There is quite a decline in the yield of potatoes The yield is reported at an average of 91 bushels per acre, against 98 in 1879, and 69 in 1878 Texas, California and Arkansas are the only states reporting an increase.

A GREAT HAUL.

The Cincinnati People go Fishing in Their Drinking-Tank and Catch a Thousand Pounds.

CINCINNATI, November 18.—When the great Eden park reservoir was emptied to-day over 1,000 pounds of fish were caught in the basin, some of them of remarkabe size. Among them were the following: Twenty-two spawn fish, of an average weight of twelve pounds, and some weighed as high as eighteen pounds; numerous white bass and perch, weighing one-half and three-fourths of a pound; about twenty buffalo, weighing from four to ten pounds; a large number of catfish, some of them eighteen inches long and weighing from four to fifteen pounds; about 250 shipjacks, which are of little use for eating, and a few small salmon. A curiosity was a lamprey eel, nine inches long, a variety said to be very rare this side of New Orleans. The fish caught were divided first among the water works employes and afterward to people in the neighborhood. The water has been in the reservoir only seven years, showing that some large sized fish must have passed through the pumping works.

An Ineligible Congressman.

MONTPELIER, VT., November 18.—A rumor is current that General W. W Grant, member of congress-elect from the third district, is ineligible, he having been born in Canada and never naturalized General Grant says that his parents were natives of Vermont, and about six weeks prior to his birth moved into Canada, where he was born, and where he lived for about ten years. They then came back to the states. His father never exercised any of the rights of citizenship while in Canada. The general draws attention to the statute of 1802, which provides that children of parents who are citizens of the United States, if born outside of the jurisdiction of the United States, are not disqualified from exercising their rights as citizens of the United States.

Yellow Fever.

WASHINGTON, November 18.—Assistant Surgeon Gazer of the marine hospital service at Key West reports fifteen cases of yellow fever and three deaths since the 8th instant. The national board of health has been advised that the following vessels, about sailing from Havana for the United States, are believed to have yellow fever on board, although more than fifteen days have elapsed since the last case: Valparaiso, Pero and Turell bound for Charleston; Judio and Marie bound for New Orleans and Dobareno for Charleston.

Calhoun's Nephew Insane.

SAN FRANCISCO, November 18.—A Candolora, Nevada, dispatch says John C. Calhoun, nephew of the late South Carolina senator became insane and imagines himself the Savior. A wound received in the war is the cause of his insanity.

"LICENSE THE EDITORS!"

Says the Rev. Warren A. Candler—Why Should We Not?

"I can see no reason," said the Rev. Warren A. Candler, with the air of a man who had made up his mind, "why editors should not be licensed and commissioned just as other public servants are."

"The law has provided," he went on to say, "that the lawyer who sets up a claim that he can protect our property, shall be duly examined, and admitted to practice only after he has demonstrated his ability to do intelligently what he starts to do. He is then put under certain rules, that hedge him within an honorable and straightforward conduct. If he violates these rules the right to practice is taken away. So with the physician who takes care of our physical health He must show his ability before he is allowed to receive patients, and he must conform to the established rules or he is tabooed entirely. The preachers are also licensed and a departure from the laws laid down takes the preacher out of his pulpit and deprives him of the right to preach. Why shouldn't editors be put under the same sort of rule?"

"Something in that"—we murmured thoughtfully.

"Of course there is. The power of the editor for good or evil is tremendous. The human mind can hardly conceive the depth and width the power that the journalist possesses. And yet he is perfectly irresponsible as far as times go. He mounts his tripod without any formalities—holds it despite the most glaring violations of all law of propriety—and looks to no tribunal."

"Libel suits!"—we interjected feebly.

"Doesn't touch the case. There is hardly one libel in a thousand that can be assessed by a jury—not one in a thousand that is carried into court, the libelled party preferring peace to prosecution. And then, beyond any special complaint, that is a danger that he editor may corrupt society mislead the people, put the bad over the good, and do infinite damage. Against this sort of course—against the editor who pursues it—there is no reparation. Worse than this, there is no way to protect society from him."

"Might kill him," we suggested furtively.

"That might be best," said Mr. Candler smiling. "But really, without having any definite suggestions on the subject, it does seem that there ought to be some test for editors before they are allowed to edit, and some rules to keep them straight when they are at work. The only way to reform the press is to get good men in the editorial chairs. That is certain."

FOREIGN FLASHES.

THE INTERNATIONAL ROWING MATCH

Differences Existing Between Members of the English Cabinet—John Bright Believes Coercive Measures Unnecessary—Miscellaneous News, Etc.

LONDON, November 18.—In the first trial heat this afternoon, the contestants for the American prizes in the international regatta, from Putney to Chiswick, two and a half miles, the Australian sculler, Laycock, won as he pleased; Howden, of Deval was second; Elliott did not finish. The time of the heat was 15 minutes and 33 seconds. Laycock got off badly and Elliott was thus enabled to take the lead at the start, but Laycock soon recovered and headed Elliott by several lengths. Howden also passed Elliott before Hammersmith was reached. Tarryer gave up the contest after 600 yards had been traversed. The betting was six to four on Laycock.

The second heat over the same course and distance was won by Wallace Ross, of St. John, N. B, who obtained an easy victory: Riley, of Saratoga N. Y., second.

There was a good race between Feeley, of Barrow, in Furness, and Largan, of Mondsworth, who finished in the order named. Time, 16 minutes and 8 seconds. Ross started the favorite in the second heat, and got well off, followed by Ryley, but Ross easily drew away from Riley, who with equal ease distanced Feeley and Largan.

The third heat was won by Hosmer, of Boston, Warren Smith of Halifax, N. S., second, and Anderson of Hammersmith, third.

The fourth was won by Trickett, of Sidney, N S., Nicholson, of Stockton, Ont., second and Clasper, of Mandsworth, third. Throughout the heat it rained heavily.

The result of to-day's contests leaves the choice of four competitors in the final heat on the 2 th, to be decided to morrow in two heats over the same course and distance, to be rowed by Laycock, Ross, Hosmer, Trickett, Hawdon, Riley, Smith and Nicholson Hosmer won the third heat by seven lengths in 16 minutes and 55 seconds Trickett won the fourth heat by three lengths, in 15 minutes and 7 seconds.

The St. James Gazette, in a leading editorial article this evening, says: "It is safe to affirm that there are differences in the cabinet, between the views of Lord Selborne, lord high chancellor, who holds that the vindication of the law should have priority over the redress of alleged grievances, and Mr. John Bright, chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster, and Joseph Chamberlain, president of the board of trade, who believe coercive measures unnecessary.

The ship Galatea, bound for Bombay, has foundered off Cape May. Twenty-one persons were drowned.

A heavy snow storm is prevailing in Scotland to-day.

Mr. Gardner, a landlord in Galway county, was tarred and feathered by a body of armed men last night.

The steamship Assyrian Monarch, the first of the new Monarch line between New York and London, which sailed from Hull October 28th for New York, has been spoken too. She had lost three blades of her propeller.

The Pall Mall Gazette, this evening, in a leading editorial, says: "Unless Mr. Forster refuses to be any longer responsible for the government of Ireland without coercion, instant coercion cannot be necessary, and Ministers Bright and Chamberlain are right. Something is said about Lord Selborne, lord chancellor. It is invidious to introduce personal comparisons, but if gossip be true that Lord Selborne is on one side and Mr. Bright on another, public opinion among the liberals at any rate will not be long in deciding between a statesman who was so purblind as to insist, only ten years ago, on the maintenance of the Irish church, and a statesman who has spoken what the liberals of all shades recognize to be more solid wisdom about Ireland than all of his colleagues put together."

LONDON, November 17.—The Sportsman says: At a meeting of the regatta committee this evening it was decided by lot that Hosmer, Nicholson, Ross and Riley should row in the first heat at 2 p m. to-morrow, and Trickett, Laycock, Howden and Smith in the second heat.

The Standard, in its evening edition, says: Private telegrams received to day announce that a Chilean squad on left Valparaiso a few days ago, with troops for the purpose of landing at Callao and beleaguing Lima.

A telegram from Cork reports that two brothers named Moore have been arrested on a charge of being concerned in the murder of Mr. Wheeler Michael Moore, one of the two, accompanied Wheeler when he was killed.

PARIS, November 18.—Deputy Le Faure's report on the charges against General Decissey maintains the necessity of inquiry, and proposes that all acts of his ministry be investigated.

TEHERAN, November 18.—Sheik Abdullah attacked the Persians at Urumiah on the 14th. The loss was heavy on both sides, but the Khurds were repulsed. They burned a village and massacred two hundred inhabitants in their retreat.

The Sugar Crop.

WASHINGTON, November 18.—The following was received from New Orleans by the chief signal officer last night: "There is great excitement about a telegram for the sugar district. Can you predict at once any immediate change. You have done noble service." Signed, "James F. Griffin, secretary sugar planters' association."

The following reply was immediately telegraphed: It is now raining throughout the west gulf states. There will probably be a heavy frost in the sugar district when the weather clears

At 1:48 this morning New Orleans was telegraphed as follows: The weather will probably be clear to-night. Great damage from frost may be expected. The temperature at Dodge City at midnight was four degrees below zero, which is forty-one degrees below mean temperature. The cold wave is moving south.

A BIG HAUL.

Jack Kelley's Room is Entered and He is Robbed of $625 and a Gold Watch

About 3 o'clock yesterday morning Mr. Jack Kelley's room was entered and robbed of a fine gold watch and quite an amount of money Mr. Kelley rooms over Phillips & Crew's book-store, on Marietta street, and on Wednesday night he returned about 12 o'clock After entering his room and locking the door he undressed, and as was his habit, placed his clothes upon a chair near his bed.

About 4 o'clock his servant came to his room for the key to the saloon, and when Mr. Kelley got up to let him in he found the door unlocked. This surprised him a little, but when he reached for his pants to get the key and found that the chair and clothing were missing, his surprise only increased.

Finding that his clothing were not in the room, he went into the hall where he found his coat, pant and hat, but his vest, in which was his watch and six hundred and twenty-five dollars, could not be found

Mr Kelley is positive that he locked the door securely and cannot imagine how the thief entered the room.

The watch is a large fine gold watch, and Mr. Kelley says if the thief will return it he can keep the money and no questions will be asked.

A Correction.

The readers of THE CONSTITUTION will doubtless call to mind a communication that appeared in our columns soon after the killing of the Mormon elder, Joseph Standing, in Whitfield county, this state, last July. The communication in question gave as a reason for the killing that he was guilty of the crime of seduction in numerous instances, and that his character was of the lowest order, and that the killing was justifiable on that account.

Prominently named as one of his victims was a Miss Jane Elledge, daughter of Captain D. H. Elledge, a farmer and well known citizen of Catoosa county, now residing in Colorado, and others whose names are not published Since the publication of the article it has transpired that our correspondent was entirely misinformed and we take pleasure in correcting the error and doing justice to all parties interested.

Miss Elledge is, we are credibly informed, a most estimable lady, whose character is above reproach, respected and held in esteem by all who knew her. Born and reared in Catoosa county, her neighbors and acquaintances unite in testifying to her many good qualities of heart and mind.

BONIEL, THE TURK.

His Trial Postponed Until To-Morrow, When it will be Closed.

The publication of the arrest of M. E. Boniel in yesterday's issue of THE CONSTITUTION caused no little comment in Atlanta, and at nine o'clock, the hour set for the trial of his case, the court room was well filled with persons anxious to know the result.

For some cause the case was transferred from Judge Tanner's to Judge Butts' court, and at the appointed hour was called by that justice, but by common consent was continued until to-day, when it will be again called and a final disposition had. Mr. Boniel is at large, under bond for his appearance when the case is called.

A Fatal Quarrel.

RICHMOND, November 18.—Alonzo Peterson and Pleasant Mason, two colored laborers at Talbott's foundry quarreled yesterday, and at six o'clock this evening met again and fought with borrowed knives. Peterson cut Mason in the left thigh severing the femoral artery, from which Mason bled to death in a few moments. Peterson was arrested.

Mr. Mobley Declines.

To the General Assembly of Georgia: I hereby tender my sincere thanks for the kind assurance of support in the coming election for judge of the superior court of the Chattahoochee circuit, and now most respectfully decline to have my name presented as a candidate. Truly yours,

JAS M. MOBLEY.

Atlanta, Ga., November 17, 1880.

Gone Ashore.

WASHINGTON, November 18.—The signal corps station at Oregon inlet, North Carolina, reports that the two masted schooner, Mary J. Fisher, went ashore in Oregon inlet, Saturday evening, in a northeast storm, loaded with lumber, from Litchfield, North Carolina. The crew is safe. The vessel expects to float at flood tide.

Chattanooga's Election.

CHATTANOOGA, November 18.—In the municipal election here to-day, [illegible]art, republican, was elected mayor by 117 majority, and two republican aldermen out of five were elected.

LIGHT-FINGERED.

YOUR HANDS ON YOUR MONEY.

The Pick-Pockets Again—A New Trial to be Asked for Wilson, and Then the Supreme Court—Horton will Again Plead Not Guilty—Donovan will Answer.

The pickpocket cases are still being worked, and though they have passed from the court for the present, the exertions of the officers to secure a conviction is none the less strenuous.

Wilson, whose trial was first called, as has been stated in these columns, was found guilty, but sentence has not yet been passed upon him. His counsel will ask for a new trial, and should this be refused, will carry the case to the supreme court. Since Wilson's arrest he has been identified by several parties who saw him here during the fair. He is a small man, whose face does not create the best impression when viewed by an impartial observer. He is minus one hand and only three fingers better than no hand. Captain Connally has been informed by knowing ones that he is the celebrated crook, known as "Three-Fingered Jack."

It is said that just before his appearance in Atlanta he had been arrested by the sheriff of Nashville, Tenn, and that whilst in his charge Wilson succeeded in robbing him of quite an amount of money, and then made good his escape.

When Horton was placed upon trial Wilson was made a witness for the defense, and whilst upon the stand swore that he had no acquaintance whatever with the other two, in fact said that he had never seen them, thus indicating that if he was guilty, as the jury had said, Horton could not be. Wilson, however, said that he was in Atlanta during the fair.

Horton, in whose trial, the jury could not agree, is the red-haired man who regrets his trouble only on account of his wife and two children. The evidence used against him was the same that secured Wilson's conviction, and in addition it was established that he attempted to disguise himself after the robbery had been committed and before the West Point train left the car-shed; and yet the jury could not agree. Horton's case will be called again after Donovan's is disposed of.

Donovan, whose trial is yet to be had, is a fine-looking man, whose face gives a confidence at first glance. He is decidedly the sharpest, shrewdest man of the two, and bears his trouble with a degree of bravery rarely seen. He has good use of his tongue and uses it discreetly. He says but little, and that little in a calm decided tone. In a recent conversation with him he said to a reporter:

"Why of course you expect to hear me say I am innocent, and I tell you I am and can prove it, not only to you, but to the world. In addition I can show you that neither of those men who are said to be my companions are guilty. Listen. In the first place Mosely swears that he was robbed of $590 He says the money consisted of one fifty dollar bill and that the rest was fives, tens and twenties. Now look at the money taken from us after our arrest. Wilson had six hundred and thirty dollars. There were six fifties, three one hundreds, one twenty and one ten Of this only two bills, the twenty and ten could have belonged to him. Say that both did, this would make thirty dollars; add fifty to the thirty, one of fifty dollar bills, and you have eighty, and you yet have five hundred and ten dollars to raise for him to make his five hundred and ninety. Horton had three one hundred dollar bills and one five. The five alone could have been Mosely's. Add this to the eighty you got from Wilson and you have eighty five dollars; still five hundred and five to get. I had one thousand and sixty five dollars—a one thousand dollar certificate of deposit, one fifty-dollar bill, one ten-dollar bill and five dollars in silver. According to his own statement, Mosely could never have owned but one of these—the ten. Now add this to the eighty-five and you have ninety five dollars, still leaving four hundred and ninety-five dollars to raise in five tens and twenties, and as I have given him all of these denominations in our possession, you can't stick to rules of common addition and make it. No, sir; I tell you Mosely was not robbed of $590, or else somebody other than we three did it."

A day or two ago a gentleman who resides at Roswell and who was robbed in Atlanta during the fair, arrived in town and, in company with Captain Connolly, went to the jail to see Donovan, Horton and Wilson. He was accompanied by his daughter, who was with him when he was robbed and who saw the man who robbed him. After looking at the three men, both the gentleman, whose name is Watkins, and his daughter, recognized Donovan and Horton as the men who did the deed.

Mosely, who was under bond as a state witness, has been released and has gone home. His evidence as given against Horton will, by consent, be used against Donovan in his trial.

During Mosely's stay in Atlanta he says that he was approached by two men one day at the car shed who offered him one thousand dollars to leave the town. He declined the proposition.

It is said that two men arrived in Atlanta on Saturday, after the arrest of the trio, and that they have been in communication with the prisoners and have declared their intention of remaining until the cases are settled. They claim to be willing to spend thousands to secure a release. Whether the there be guilty or not let the law say.

A Marine Imposter.

RICHMOND, November 18.—Further information received at the Richmond custom house tends to prove that the reported sinking, in Chesapeake bay, of the schooner William H. Morgan, telegraphed hence yesterday, is a hoax. The deputy collector of customs at Tappahannock reports to Collector Mills that a man giving his name as Nelson represented himself as master of the schooner William H. Morgan, of Yorktown, and that his vessel was wrecked on the 9th instant by the steamer San Salvador, off Point Lookout; that he (the deputy collector) gave him the wreck report but subsequently finding that the man was using the paper as a means of obtaining money, and believing him to be an imposter took the paper from him and destroyed it. The name of the schooner William H Morgan does not appear in the list of merchant vessels of the United States for the year ending June 30, 1880

The Ameer Courting, and Not Dead.

LONDON, November 18.—A dispatch from Candahar to day says the Ameer Abdurrahman Khan pays the Cabul troops regularly, and that quiet and good order prevail. A curious and somewhat comical explanation is now given of the origin of the report of the ameer's death two weeks ago. It seems the ameer paid a much longer visit than usual to the house of a lady whom he is engaged to marry, and his non-return at the time he specified before leaving the palace, led some of his officials to report that he had been murdered by the emissaries of Ayoob Khan. The explanation, when first made, caused much amusement.

Government Counterfeit Detector.

We had a call at THE CONSTITUTION office yesterday from Mr. John S. Dye, of the above official organ, Philadelphia. The work is valuable, as it simplifies the means and aids in the discovery of spurious money. By means of the Detector it is easy to discover the difference between good and bad government notes. The information the work contains is based upon the revelations of the secret service records at Washington. Mr. Dye's work, the Government Detector, is issued monthly, with the extras. The book is, as has been said, virtually an insurance against everything but carelessness, and of value to the business man.

THEATRICAL ITEMS.

NASHVILLE contemplates a $100,000 opera-house

LAWRENCE BARRETT has had poor success this season.

A WELL KNOWN minstrel man will marry Fay Templeton.

DENHAM and the Chapman sisters in "Pranks" in Atlanta soon.

JANAUSCHEK will play Bleak House in Knoxville, Tenn., to-night.

RICE'S Bijou comic opera company is working its way towards Atlanta.

ALICE OATES has disbanded her company—trouble with her treasurer.

THE Rive-King concert troupe will be the musical event of the season in Atlanta.

KEENE did not make the New Orleans papers enthusiastic in his renditions of Shakspeare.

ANNIE PIXLEY, the little charmer, will soon appear at the Grand opera-house, New York.

THE Agnes Wallace-Villa combination performances not very favorably received in Nashville. Too much name.

IN Frou Frou, Bernhardt's dresses cost more money than Rachel spent in one year on dresses for twenty characters.

MISS LEWIS, a Charleston, S. C., lady, is with Rose Eytinge. By the way, in Led Astray Miss Rose appears in four new Parisian dresses fresh from the hands of Worth.

DOWN IN DIXIE.

CHATTANOOGA's new cotton factory will start soon.

KNOXVILLE and her suburbs claim a population of 17,9[illegible]0

THE best whistler in Little Rock, Arkansas, is a married lady.

NORTH Alabama conference will meet at Oxford, December 15th.

A CAVE in eastern Tennessee is two miles in length, and has openings at both ends.

GRAND lodge of Free and Accepted Masons of North Carolina, will meet in Raleigh the 7th of December.

THE proposed exposition building at Little Rock, Arkansas, will be the largest structure in the city.

THE Kentucky railroad commissioners have increased the assessments of the roads this year nearly $10 000 000.

THE Right Reverend Bishop Patrick R. Feehan, of Nashville, leaves this week for Chicago, where he will be installed as archbishop next Sunday and reside in future.

IN 1870 only 70 persons were employed in the manufacture of boots and shoes in New Orleans, and the annual product was but $71,400. In 1880 there were 3[illegible]8 persons employed, and the annual product is $5[illegible].

THROUGH the hands of Galveston merchants nearly $17,000,000 worth of exports are annually distributed throughout the markets of other countries, while they receive directly from abroad about $1,500,000 of imported goods.

The Constitution.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Daily Constitution		$10 00 a year.
" "		5 00 6 months.
" "		2 50 3 months.
Weekly Constitution		1 50 a year.
" "		1 00 six months
" "	Clubs of 10	12 50 a year.
" "	Clubs of 20	20 00 "
Southern Cultivator		1 50 "
" "	Clubs of 10	12 50 "
" "	Clubs of 20	20 00 "
Weekly Constitution and Cultivator to same address		2 50 for one year

Address THE CONSTITUTION, Atlanta, Ga.

Entered as second-class matter in the Atlanta post-office, December 11, 1879.

ATLANTA, GA., NOVEMBER 19, 1880.

MR. HILL'S new party has been born—at Providence in Rhode Island. It was duly christened "National Union," as Mr. Hill suggested. General Horatio Rogers, who is altogether unknown to fame, comes to the front as the new leader. The new platform reads very much like the chronic republican platform of the period.

THE south can never attract immigration from the northern states while its fares are double or treble those of the northwest. We do not speak now of first-class tickets. If the companies keep those up to the highest notch, the matter can be fought out by people who are able to help themselves. But we do object to the current southern rates for second or third class tickets. Such rates shut out immigration, to the great detriment of the southern section of the country and consequently to the injury of the companies that employ short-sighted managers.

THIS is a good time to plant holiday advertisements. The people have a good deal of money that is not needed for the necessaries of life, and the making of gifts promises to become a boom. The merchants of the larger cities freely express the opinion that "more money will be spent this holiday season than at any time since the war." The leading stores of the east are already overcrowded in anticipation of the holidays. In the south cotton is going up, and the people are full of hope. We see no reason why the gracious customs of the past should not be revived.

UNCLE REMUS's book will be published next week, and THE CONSTITUTION will gladly receive orders for it from all sections of the state not conveniently near a bookseller. The book, handsomely printed and bound, is offered by the publishers at $1.75. By remitting the price to THE CONSTITUTION a copy will be forwarded to any address as soon as it is published. The book will have a very large sale, especially in Georgia. The Sparta Ishmaelite thus speaks of it: "The book will come bright and fresh "from the presses of D. Appleton & Co., "but its principal charm will consist in "its genial humor, quaint expressions, "truthfulness to nature and striking "originality. We commend the work to "our readers, not simply because it is the "work of a patriotic, warm hearted Georgian, but rather because of its unqualified merits as a work of genius."

The South and General Garfield.

A correspondent, who says the north is very much interested in the attitude of the south with respect to the administration of General Garfield, writes us all the way from Concord, New Hampshire, to inquire what course THE CONSTITUTION proposes to pursue. This inquiry is a trifle obscure, to be sure, but we take it for granted that our correspondent desires to know whether THE CONSTITUTION will antagonize General Garfield's administration in a heated, partisan way, or whether it will be disposed to give him due credit for any effort he may make to govern wisely and patriotically. We are perfectly well aware that the attitude of the south or the disposition of THE CONSTITUTION will have no appreciable effect upon General Garfield's administration. His policy is no doubt already fully matured, and it will be carried out quite independently of anything that may be thought or said at the south. But something is due to the curiosity of our correspondent, and we therefore hasten to give him such information as we happen to have at hand.

In the first place, as to the attitude of the southern people. It is safe to say, that never in the annals of their political history have they ever been in a better humor or in a more hopeful mood. They are neither sullen nor resentful; in other words, they think they perceive that the election of General Garfield is not so much an evidence of prejudice against the south as the inevitable result of the efforts of an army of trained politicians and office-holders to retain power and place. They may be deceived in regard to this; it is the easiest matter in the world to be deceived in regard to the motives that move people in politics. But suppose the southern people are deceived—what difference will it make in the end? We simply desire to assure our correspondent that they are disposed to look on the bright side of things. They will also have the pleasure of looking on General Garfield as really and truly the president, and this is something to be glad about. Mr. Hayes's administration has been a very just and clean one, all things considered, but the very mention of his name suggested the uncomfortable fact that his title to the office, however substantial, was the outcome of the most infamous political fraud ever perpetated. Some of his appointments in the south, notably in Louisiana and Florida, were disgraceful concessions to the fact, and destroyed whatever effect his policy might have had in the south. General Garfield's appointments in the south may be equally as obnoxious, but they will be regarded as the result of partisanship and not as concessions to a gang of knaves.

It is true, a majority of the people of the south voted against General Garfield; but it is equally true that very nearly a majority of the whole people of the country voted against him. He has the choice of being the president of a party, or of being the president of the country. In one case, the people of the south have little to lose, and in the other they have little to gain. Recent events—the comments of the leading newspapers for one thing, and the election of Governor Brown to the senate, in spite of the most distinctively Bourbon element that could be mustered in the state, for another—have demonstrated that the south has swept by the prejudices and animosities of the reconstruction period, and this sort of progress will be of more substantial benefit to the section than the election of Hancock would have been. In short, the public sentiment of the south is in favor of accepting the results of the war and making the most of them in a way at once practical, earnest and vigorous. In this they perceive the solution of all their difficulties, and they perceive, also, that such a solution is wholly independent of any presidential election.

As to THE CONSTITUTION, it is perhaps unnecessary to inform our correspondent that its course will be regulated altogether by events. That is to say, as a democratic journal, the attitude of THE CONSTITUTION toward General Garfield's administration will be that of genial distrust; but we shall be quick to appreciate and respond to the slightest symptom of a desire on the part of the new president to deal with the south and the problems which perplex us in a statesmanlike way. The south expects no favors; we are not candidates for sympathy; but we do not hesitate to say that a little intelligent sympathy, such as a broad-minded, thoughtful American might feel for a section that has been the victim alike of alien oppression and a thousand home-made blunders, would go a long way towards enabling our people to meet the future with renewed hope and energy. We make no mistake in regard to General Garfield's capacity. Since Abraham Lincoln, the country has had no president who could at all compare with General Garfield. His mental equipment is perfect, his training exceptional. If he is strong enough to follow such of his impulses as are indorsed by his judgment his administration will be that of a statesman. If he is swayed merely by gratitude to the machinery of his party, he will give us an administration which will be no more effective than Grant's. His success or his failure will not depend upon THE CONSTITUTION, but we shall strive not to do him injustice.

IT is thought that Mr. Hewitt is about to send his address to Judge Noah Davis.

THE republicans are afraid that Truth crushed to earth will lie again.

WHAT organization is the Widow Butler now flirting with?

IF Colonel Forney feels chilly he can put on an ague pad and come nearer the fire.

MR TILDEN's robust health is causing John Kelly to fade.

MRS. OATES's company disbanded at New Orleans the other day right in the presence of Mr. Burbank, of the Picayune. The truth is, Mrs Oates is so fat that it makes the bald-headed men in the orchestra feel tired to see her galloping around so.

AFTER all the fuss about the tariff, the New York Tribune has just discovered that the only way to protect American labor is to prevent immigration. Does the Tribune propose to push this issue to the point of serious discussion.

THE symptoms are that Philp will finally confess that he is a sinner.

IT has now been shown that young Sprague's pistol wasn't loaded. It is necessary to remark that Mr. Conkling has different views about the shot-gun?

THE Boston Post is washing its hands of the "southern secessionists" in order to become a liberal greenback organ.

WEAVER declares that he wants the political parties broken up. Isn't his own party fragmentary enough to suit him?

IT is announced that Mr. Richard Henry Stoddard, the well-known poet and critic, has resumed his connection with journalism. Mr. Stoddard will have control of the literary department of the New York Evening Mail, and our contemporary is to be congratulated on the accession. Always bright, sparkling and newsy, the Mail, through the exquisite taste, genial discrimination and rare scholarship of Mr. Stoddard, will exercise a distinct and definite influence on the literary thought of the country.

DOES our esteemed contemporary, the McDuffie Journal, really believe that the one hundred and forty-six members of the Georgia legislature who voted for Governor Brown have "a disagreeable odor about "their political garments?" If so, we should be glad to have the odor described. Is it the purpose of those who oppose Governor Brown to read two-thirds of the people of Georgia out of the democratic party?

IT is somewhat loosely stated that Mr. Norwood proposes to issue an address to the people of Georgia. If the address is to be an explanatory document, it will most probably not lack interest, but it is to be hoped that Mr. Norwood will not attempt to perpetuate the differences among democrats which were based on his candidacy.

THE McDuffie Journal calls attention to the fact that a few years ago THE CONSTITUTION "was pouring the vials of its indignant "wrath upon the political head of ex Gov"ernor Brown," and adds that the present attitude of the paper is suspiciously inconsistent. Our esteemed contemporary fails to push the parallel far enough. Five years ago, Governor Brown could not have been elected to the senate by the legislature Now two-thirds of the members unite to send him there. Isn't this a terrible example of inconsistency? The truth is, inconsistency of this sort is really consistent. In the interest of Georgia and the south, we can all afford to be inconsistent.

IN GENERAL.

—Sara is insured for $40,000.

—Mahone is the sphinx of the coming senate.

—The Dolgoroukis trace their descent from the archangel Michael.

—Marion Harland has made $17,000 out of her "Common Sense in the Household."

—Columbus Delano is looming up as the possible successor of Garfield in the United States senate.

—The ex president pension fund of the New York Times, to be exact, now amounts to $13 295 50.

—What is home without a majolica butterdish and a gilt dado on the dining-room?—New Haven Register.

—Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett is so ill that she writes while lying on her back. She is writing a new novel.

—The best standard, A 1, clipper built independence in this world is to have convictions and stand by them.—Hartford Evening Post.

—Patti gets $2,250 a night for singing in Germany. This is believed to be the largest salary ever paid a singer or actor for a series of performances.

—Queen Victoria, with the desire to specially signalize the marriage of her grandson, will, it is rumored, go to Prince Wilhelm's wedding at Berlin on February 26.

—It's hope that keeps us up,
It's hope that keeps our memory green,
It's hope that makes our lives sublime,
It's soap that keeps us clean.

—"I declare!" exclaimed a slovenly writer, "I wish I could find a pen that would just suit me." And instantly came the chorus, "Try a pig pen."—Boston Transcript.

—It appears to be generally understood that short dresses will be the thing next winter for all who dance at balls. Trains will be left for the chaperones and wallflowers.

—George Augustus Sala says of Edwin Booth: I went away with the conviction that I had seen a very conscientious, refined, appreciative, but somewhat old-fashioned Hamlet.

—The critics made fun of Irving's thin legs, and now, as Creswick in playing the part of the injured Roman father in "Virginius," wears sandals, the critics do not like the bigness of his big toe.

—Most of us can do something good in this world. If we cannot beat the bewgag in the front of battle, we can at least spank the small boy who disturbs the neighborhood with his tin whistle.—Derrick.

—There is something humorous in the announcement that the governor-general of Kazan is to be tried for endeavoring forcibly to convert 700,000 Tartars. Converting, or even catching one Tartar to convert, is proverbially so difficult that the attempt upon 700,000 rises to sublimity.

—Senator Bruce was feted and feasted by his admirers of Memphis a few days ago. In his speech he urged the colored people to do three things—to practice economy, to buy land and to educate their children.

—G G Garibaldi, the celebrated fresco artist, has just completed the magnificent mansion of James C. Flood, the California millionaire, at Menlo park, and expects to spend a short vacation in New York city.

—Through passengers from the principal southern cities to New York, via Philadelphia, who purchase round trip excursion tickets, will henceforth have the privilige of stopping three days in Philadelphia Heretofore they could stop only a few hours at that city, and even then at the expense of the time allotted by the terms of the ticket for remaining in New York. The new arrangement has been made at the instigation of the Philadelphia board of trade, and without prejudice to New York.

The New Senator.

Washington Republican, rep.

The easy victory of Joseph E. Brown over Judge A. R. Lawton is an evidence that Georgia is seeking for practical results in politics, and intends to discard sentimentalism in the future. Senator Brown will be, in our opinion, the shrewdest manager on the democratic side of the senate.

Albany News and Advertiser.

As was predicted, Hon. Joseph E. Brown has been elected to the United States senate. It is unnecessary for us to enter into the whys and wherefores of a result which was so plainly foreshadowed months ago. We do not regret his election for we have faith in his ability, good judgment and his desire for the promotion of the south's best interests

Macon Telegraph.

He is United states senator from Georgia by both a constitutional and by a nominating majority: and on both grounds is entitled to the assent of the democratic party of the state. On the point of party usage and general harmony, therefore, let personal opposition be withdrawn, and the new senator have that degree of countenance and support which will enable him to achieve the best results for the state

Savannah News.

The question of the senatorial succession has been warmly contested, and the discussion to which it has given rise has partaken much of the personal temper which unhappily characterized our gubernatorial canvass. The result will be accepted as an expression of the will of a majority of the people, and we may heartily congratulate ourselves that with it is brought to a close one of the most exciting and acrimonious political campaigns in the history of the state.

Columbus Times.

This is certainly a proud triumph for Governor Brown and imposes obligations of the highest character upon him to be true to his people and to give to his state the full benefit of his ability and experience. Whatever personal objections may be felt to Senator Brown, no Georgian believes him second in ability to any man who will represent any other state in the United States senate. It has been often said in the past few months that with Ben Hill and Joe Brown in the senate, our state will stand abreast of all her sisters.

Augusta Chronicle.

The new senator is, as is well known, an old public servant, having been governor and chief justice. He is a man of remarkable talent, and, as he says himself seldom fails in anything he undertakes. He will be one of the few rich men from the south in congress, and one of the ablest at the federal capital. The people expect great things from him, and he will, of course, do his best not to disappoint them. We tender him our congratulations, and will, as in duty bound, cooperate with him for the common weal of Georgia and the union of the states.

Griffin News.

A period in political affairs has been reached when the state should be represented by our ablest men. We need there not one whose mastery of rhetoric and powers of eloquence will please, but one who is capable of grasping great political questions in their application both to state and the general government. We need one in whom is a fine diplomacy as well as a broad statesmanship. We need one, who though of the south, southern, is willing to accept the results of the war, and who, though not forgetting the dead issues, will not waste his energies and talents in their resurrection, and will not parade them forever between the north and south, inflaming when he should reconcile, sowing dragons teeth when he should sow the seeds of lasting peace. We need one whose conservative course since the war will inspire the confidence of the north as well as of every section. Only such a man from the south can add and hereafter hope to have influence in the national councils. Such a man is the new senator.

Macon Herald

We were not disappointed—but we accepted the inevitable beforehand, with pain and mortification. Brown is, in many respects a great man; and that sentiment which elected him may be correct We do not charge any wrong motive upon the many good men who voted for him. But a shadow settles upon our heart, as we see the glorious memories of the past—the bloodstained banner that floated over our gallant little army—the tattered uniform of gray—the honorable scars that have gleamed and glistened on the faces of men like Lawton and Gordon—growing dimmer and dimmer, as if obscured by a rapidly thickening cloud. Amid the clatter of hoofs and roars of chariot wheels that triumphantly bear onward the "new civilization" with its "progressive ideas" we seemed to catch the faint, dying echoes of "Dixie." "Maryland, my Maryland," and "The Conquered Banner." Others may say and think as they please, but we stand upon the honor and chivalry of the "old south," and crave no prosperity that comes as the result of bending the knee to the enemies of the constitution, and the despoilers of our homes, or kissing the hand that continues to smite us. Still be this heart when it ceases to throb responsive to the chords that are touched by the mention of the names of Lee and Jackson—palsied be this hand when it refuses to write that they, and the thousands that sleep in honored warriors' graves, died in the defence of truth and right, and constitutional liberty.

To the Legislature, Greeting.

Albany News and Advertiser.

A bill has been introduced in the legislature to establish a branch insane asylum for Georgia in Fannin county. It should pass.

Warrenton Clipper.

We see some one in the legislature has moved the change we suggested of having our state elections hereafter on Tuesday. We hope the bill will pass.

McDuffie Journal

We are glad to notice a disposition in the present legislature to increase the salaries of civil officers. This is a step in the right direction, and one which we hope to see pushed to maturity. The late constitutional convention in pandering to public clamor, carried the dogma of governmental economy to an absurd and hurtful extreme.

Americus Republican.

We hope that the present general assembly will pass a registration law for the state before it adjourns. The people of the state want such a law and will demand from their representatives that they give it to them. Let it be general, and require that every voter, before depositing a ballot, shall have paid all taxes required by the present constitution and then have registered his name. This will prove a just and wise course, and serve to allay bitterness and prevent strife. With this law in force, the challenging of voters will be rendered unnecessary, and hence remove the great bone of contention with our colored element. It will put a stop to illegal voting, and enable the managers to tell at a glance who is entitled to this suffrage. The present statutes and the mixed element in Georgia imperatively demand the passage of this law. It is the only fair and peaceable solution of a vexed question.

Columbus Times.

The legislative geniuses are at work again on the interest question. They want to repeal the present law and make seven per cent the legal rate, and permitting parties lending and borrowing money to stipulate the charge and receive 12 per cent when the agreement is in writing. That was the law before the enactment of the present one last year, making 7 per cent the legal rate, and allowing by written agreement 8 per cent to be collected by law. These questions have been discussed pro and con for more generations than we can enumerate, and still financiers differ, hence we will not attempt to enlighten our sapient law makers on so well discussed and little understood a question. We will, however, say that if the demand is to regulate the rate we cannot understand why 12 per cent instead of 10 per cent should be placed by statute, as the outside rate that a money-lender shall receive if the money-borrower wants it bad enough to pay the higher price. But because necessity knows no law, it is no reason why there should be no limit to the demands of those who deal with the necessitous. We think the present law a good one—fair to borrower and lender, and would oppose, if in the legislature, the change suggested.

A Tribute to a Great Man.

Indianapolis Journal, rep.

The retirement from the United States senate of such a man as Senator Thurman, of Ohio, is not without regretful aspects. Leaving partisan views and considerations aside, his retirement is a positive loss to the senate and the country. Senator Thurman is in all respects a great man. He is great as a lawyer, a logician, a debater, a statesman and a parliamentarian. He has been many years in public life, and has an unsullied record for personal integrity. Such men are a credit to the senate, helping to elevate its intellectual standard. Their experience is useful and their ability is common property. It should be the aim of both parties to send such men to congress and keep them there. We shall be glad to see Senator Thurman replaced by a republican, but his successor must be a man of brains not to suffer by comparison.

The Next House Will be Weakly.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Nearly two-thirds of the members of the present house of representatives have been re-elected to the next congress—an unusually large proportion. Among those not returned to the next house are Tom Ewing, General Joe Johnston and Eppa Hunton of Virginia, Clymer, Acklen, Goode, Frank Hurd, John A. McMahon, De La Matyr, Weaver and Hendrick B. Wright There will be no one to take the place of a real leader on the republican side—no one who could be compared with Blaine or Garfield in point of ability Frye, of Maine, and Kasson, of Iowa, will probably be the ablest two republicans, and Randall and Blackburn the most prominent democrats in the next house. But, altogether, it will be a weak body intellectually.

A Judicious Mixture.

Memphis Avalanche.

The south ought to be rich. Some say the south will grow in wealth if the people drop politics An American citizen can't drop politics, and it is not desirable that he should. But he can judiciously mix his politics with business, and then grow up with the country

To Consumptives.—Many have been happy to give their testimony in favor of the use of "Wilbor's Pure Cod-Liver Oil and Lime" Experience has proved it to be a valuable remedy for Consumption, Asthma, Diptheria, and all diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Manufactured only by A. B. Wilbor, Chemist, Boston. Sold by all druggists. nov17 d1w—wed frisun 2d p

BOOTS AND SHOES.

WINTER BOOTS AND SHOES.

We can supply the demand for the best BOOTS, SHOES, RUBBERS and SLIPPERS that are made, both as to style, quality and finish—in all widths of last and styles of toe. Cheap Boots and Shoes—in addition to the best work, are now keeping a cheap line. We can compete with the lowest price.

Dancing and Evening Pumps, full line for Men and Boys. Over-Gaiters for tops of shoes, keep the ankle warm and comfortable. Embroidered Slippers for Men, full line. All goods warranted as represented.

G. H. & A. W. FORCE,
83 Whitehall Street.

sep27—dtf top 6th&8th col

—London World describes the gaudiness beauty as one who goes about to great houses, with her fantastically dressed boy, while her husband, who is supposed to be hunting or fishing at a distance, is really a a wreck of a dismal London home, with a hang dog look, struggling against duns, grave troubles and sorrows.

A Physician's Testimony.

I hereby certify that I have been a practicing physician for twenty-seven years, and for many chronic cases in my practice do recommend Warner's Kidney and Liver Cure. It was upon my advice that G W Stamm, editor of the Industrial Era, Albia, Iowa, obtained this invaluable remedy
A. A. RAMSAY, M. D.
no1v3 d2w sun,wed&fri&w2w 3d p

—At no time was gold as freely paid out over the counter in New York and other great financial centers as now. A glut of gold is reported and a scarcity of paper money. The cause of this is the immense amount of paper money sent west to move crops, while gold remains at the large money centers.

A World of Good.

One of the most popular medicines now before the American public is Hop Bitters You see it everywhere People take it with good effect. It builds them up. It is not as pleasant to the taste as some other Bitters as it is not a whisky drink. It is more like the old fashioned bone set tea that has done a world of good. If you don't feel just right try Hop Bitters.—Nunda News.

—A scheme for changing the channel of the St. Lawrence at Montreal, by building an immense dike, at a cost of $7 000,000, is under consideration. The advantages would be a still water harbor, water power for mills, and the protection of the lower part of the city against annual freshets.

Don't Let Dyspepsia,

Or any other disorder of the Liver, trouble annoy you longer. Go to Schumann's and buy a bottle of H. H. P. for 50 cents, and be relieved. 109 aug9—d1y

—"By Jove!" exclaimed Harry, "look at that girl! What color! She's the picture of health." Said Dick, who had learned to discriminate between nature and art "A picture of health! A painting you mean."—Boston Transcript.

—Rev. R. R. Burts, of Manata, Fla., says: "Tutt's Pills are held in high repute as a liver regulator in this hot climate. In fact, I hardly know how we could get along without them. Chills and Fever have lost their dread. Our people take one or two doses of the pills and follow it with fifteen grains of Quinine, divided in three doses, during the day. The ague never returns."

—Butter made of lard and soapstone and cheese made of alkali and salsoda are discovered to be among Chicago's daity industries That city will always excite admiration for its enterprise and originality.

Eminent Dr. C. C. Clark,
OSWEGO N. Y.,

Writes: "Colden's LIEBIG'S LIQUID EXTRACT OF BEEF is by far the best of all preparations of the kind (FOOD AND TONIC) that I have ever used."
DANIEL & MARSH, Agents.
204 june11—d&w1y tol im rd mat J

—Mr. Edward King writes to the Boston Journal that Mlle Bernhardt is to wear in the "Sphinx" a wonderful glittering dress—"so corruscating that it seems to put out the lights and to furnish the splendor by which one sees it"

Sitting Bull

Should be less feared than the Diseased Liver that causes Disorders of the Stomach, Bowels and Kidneys Headaches, Belchings and Vomitings, Nervousness, Bilious and Rheumatic complaints, Dyspepsia, Ague, Jaundice, Constipation and Female miseries Drugs will not cure these. Dr Flagg's Liver and Stomach Pad is the only remedy nov14 d&wk1w

HYMENEAL.

BELL—WILLIAMSON.—Married, at St. John's Rectory by the Rev. Stephen W. Frisbie, rector of St. James' Chapel, Detroit, Michigan, September 30, 1880, John S. S. Bell, of the firm of Fred Bell & Co., Atlanta, Ga., to Mary Elizabeth third daughter of William Williamson, Esq., deceased, of Windsor, Ont

AUCTIONS AND SALES.

G. W. ADAIR, ... Auctioneer,

McDonough Street Residence.

I WILL SELL UPON THE PREMISES AT 3 o'clock, sharp, Tuesday afternoon, the 30th instant, on the corner of McDonough and Jones streets, a lot 50x135 feet with a 2-story 6 room residence; each room has fire-place, closet or dressing-room kitchen and two servants' rooms, all conveniently arranged; gas pipe through the house; front and rear verandahs.

ALSO.

Adjoining the above, lot No. 2 50x100 feet—10 feet private alley to Jones street. This property has street cars, water and gas main in front; two squares south of the City Hall, the site now selected for the State Capitol In three minutes' walk of the High school and two Public school buildings and all the churches south of the Rail road. In a first-class neighborhood. Both lots front east, and both will be sold without reserve with perfect titles. Occupied at present by Colonel Egglesto . Parties wanting a first class residence or a good lot to build on, examine it and attend the sale.

Terms, ½ cash, ½ in 12 months with 8 per cent interest. G. W. ADAIR.
nov19 d7t—19 21 23 25 27 28 30.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.

THE COOSA RIVER STEAM SAW MILL, situated on the Selma, Rome and Dalton Railroad and Yellow Leaf Creek, 150 yards from its confluence with Coosa river. This location is one of the best in the state Plenty of long leaf yellow pine on both banks of Coosa river The creek is a splended reservoir for logs. Mill and machinery principally new and just put up. The mill is a Lane & Bodley standard. Average capacity about 15,00 feet per day My reason for selling is bad health and a mercantile business 80 miles distant, which needs my personal attention.

Terms of sale cash For particulars address
M D. McCONNELL,
Attalia, or Wilsonville, Ala.
nov19—d1w

PROCLAMATION.

GEORGIA:

By ALFRED H. COLQUITT,
Governor of said State.

WHEREAS, upon examination of the returns made agreeably to law of the election held on Tuesday, the 2d day of November instant, for nine members to represent this State in the House of Representatives of the Congress of the United States for two years from and after the third day of March next it appears that the following persons received a majority of the votes cast, each in the Congressional District mentioned in connection with his name, to-wit:

In the First Congressional District—George R. Black

In the Second Congressional District—Henry G. Turner.

In the Third Congressional District — Philip Cook.

In the Fourth Congressional District—Hugh Buchanan.

In the Fifth Congressional District—N. J. Hammond

In the Sixth Congressional District—James H. Blount.

In the Seventh Congressional District—Judson C. Clements

In the Eighth Congressional District—Alexander H. Stephens.

In the Ninth Congressional District—Emory Speer.

I therefore issue this my Proclamation, hereby declaring the aforesaid Hons. George R. Black, Henry G. Turner, Philip Cook, Hugh Buchanan, N. J. Hammond, James H. Blount, Judson C. Clements, Alexander H. Stephens and Emory Speer duly elected in said districts, respectively, to represent this State in the Congress of the United States for the terms of two years from and after the 3d day of March next. and the said persons are hereby notified to signify each his acceptance of said office within thirty days from the date thereof.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State at the Capitol. in Atlanta, this eighteenth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and fifth.

ALFRED H. COLQUITT, Governor.
By the Governor: N. C. BARNETT,
nov19—d1t Secretary of State.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

GRAND FASHIONABLE EVENT!
November 24 and 25.

Engagement of America's greatest Tragedian,

THOS. W. KEENE

supported by the Distinguished Tragic Actress,

Miss Henrietta Vaders,

and a powerful stock company under the management of WM. R. HAYDEN.

Wednesday evening, November 24th, will be presented Bulwer Lytton's beautiful play

RICHELIEU!

Cardinal Richelieu .... Thos. W. Keene.

Thursday evening, November 25th, Shakspeare's Grand Historical Tragedy,

RICHARD III.,
Or, the Battle of Bosworth Field.

Gloster (afterwards King Richard III) .... Thos. W. Keene

Reserved seats $1 25. The sale of seats will commence Monday, November 22d, at Phillips & Crew's Book-store nov19 d5t—19 21 23 24 25

OPERA HOUSE.

Friday and Saturday Evenings, November 19th and 20th. And Saturday Matinee.

FORD'S COMPANY,
From Baltimore.

Enlarged to Produce the Beautiful

Spectacular, Legendary Fairy Drama

—ENTITLED—

The Naiad Queen!

OR, THE NYMPHS OF THE RHINE.

For the First Time in Atlanta, as played in Baltimore for over 3 0 nights, with the most brilliant success It will be given here with new Scenery and Costumes, and a COMPANY OF 24 PERSONS, many of whom are ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADIES.

The fairy effects comprise the Grottos, Dells and Enchanted Retreats Under the River Rhine. The Knights of Old and their Squires, The Naiads, Nereids, Sprites and Demons

The sale of seats will commence on Wednesday, at Phillips & Crew's Music store.
nov16—d5t tues wed thur fr sat



Studio 27½ Whitehall Street.

ART RECEPTION,
Friday, Saturday and Monday.

TWO PORTRAIT GROUPS OF CHILDREN, one 40x50 inches; Prang Christmas Card; Proofs of Cuts in "Uncle Remus:" Nigger and Possum Looking, by H. W Grady, Esq.; Water Color sketches of Toccoa, one of which was recently purchased by a New York gentleman. Public cordially invited to attend. nov19 d3t

Notice to Shippers.

ATLANTA AND CHARLOTTE AIR LINE RAILWAY,
General Freight Office,
ATLANTA, GA., November 17th, 1880.

COMMENCING THIS DATE THE ATLANTA and Charlotte Air-Line Railway will decline to receive any freight destined for stations on Greenville and Columbia Railroad, Blue Ridge Railroad, Columbia, S. C., and points on Wilmington, Columbia and Augusta Railroad.

This action is forced upon us by the roads named refusing to pay charges and receive such freights from this Company at Greenville and Seneca.
R. D. CARPENTER,
nov17—d3t General Freight Agent.

Atlanta Health Institute

Hygienic & Electric Water-Cure,
No. 178 West Peters St., Atlanta, Ga.

THE only Medical Institute South where chronic Diseases are scientifically treated by regularly qualified Hygienic Physicians of both sexes, and where all healthful and invigorating BATHING PROCESSES in existence, together with MACHINE VIBRATIONS, MOVEMENTS and ELECTRICITY are successfully applied, according to DISEASED CONDITIONS of each patient. The only place in Georgia where no EMPIRIC or routine practice is pursued, and where no DRUGS or POISONS UNDER NAME OF MEDICINES are used as remedies for the sick RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, HEART, LIVER, KIDNEY and SKIN DISEASES, INCIPIENT CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, PARALYSIS and all diseases peculiar to the REPRODUCTIVE ORGANS, are by our methods of treatment restored with greater success than by any other processes known. Treatment especial boon for invalid ladies. Exclusive Ladies' Department, in charge of experienced Lady Physician For further information address
nov7 1y 2p DR. U. O ROBERTSON

ANNOUNCEMENTS

D. F. Hammond for Ordinary of Fulton county. Election 5th Jan. 1881

I make a special appeal to my friends and to all lovers of law and order. I PLEDGE MYSELF to stern and rigid economy in all matters of public interest; to the purification of the ballot box; to the faithful and impartial administration of the law. nov16—dtde

For Clerk Superior Court.

I hereby respectfully announce to my friends and fellow citizens that I am a candidate for Clerk of the Superior Court. Election Wednesday, 5th January, 1881. Deputies will be named in due time. C. H. STRONG.

For Clerk of the Superior Court.

We are authorized to announce the name of Dr. J. S HOLLIDAY as a candidate for re-election to the office of Clerk of the Superior Court, with competent deputies to assist him. Election Wednesday, January 5th, 1881 nov9 dtd

For Sheriff.

A. M. PERKERSON.
DEPUTIES.
W. A. WILSON,
L. P. THOMAS,
C. C. GREEN.

For Tax Receiver.

—I hereby announce myself a candidate for Tax Receiver of Fulton county. Election January 5th, 1880. T. J. MALONE,
nov7—dtde

To the Members of the next General Assembly:

I hereby announce myself a candidate for election to the office of Solicitor General of the Coweta Circuit, and do solicit your support.
GEORGE LATHAM,
oct14—dtil legme of Campbell county.

For Mayor

—I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Mayor of Atlanta, at the ensuing municipal election. JAMES W. ENGLISH.

For Mayor.

—Atlanta abounds with substantial evidence that Mr. HANNIBAL I. KIMBALL would make a practical, progressive, energetic Mayor. His name is therefore hereby presented for that office at the next election, by
256 june13—dtf MANY FRIENDS.

For Alderman

—ROBERT J LOWRY is announced as a candidate for Alderman at the ensuing election.
527 june27-dte

For Council.

—J. C. COURTNEY is hereby announced as a candidate for Councilman from the Third Ward.
nov14—dtde

For Council.

—SID HOLLAND is a candidate for Council from the Third Ward Register and vote for him.
oct26—dtd THIRD WARD.

—M. E. MAHER is hereby announced as a candidate for member of Council to represent the First Ward at the ensuing election, to be held December 1st, 1880. 71 oct3—dtd

I hereby announce myself a candidate to represent the First Ward at the ensuing election.
sept2—dtd JOHN M. BORING.

—We are authorized to announce PAT LYNCH as a candidate for Councilman from the Fifth Ward at the ensuing election. aug22 dtde

—The friends of D. A. BEATIE announce him as a candidate for Councilman from the Third Ward, at the ensuing election. sep29—dtd

—The friends of WM. LAIRD announce him as a candidate for Councilman from the Second Ward, at the ensuing election.

For Council.

—The friends of JACK W. JOHNSON announce him a candidate to represent the Fourth Ward in the City Council of Atlanta.
123 july7—dtde

—The friends of R. H. KNAPP announce him as a candidate to represent the Second Ward in the City Council of Atlanta. july25—dtd

—Dr. A. J. PICKSON is hereby announced a candidate for Councilman from the First Ward July 22, 1880—dtd MANY FRIENDS.

For Coroner.

We are authorized to announce the name of FRANK A. HILLBURN as a candidate for Coroner of Fulton county, at the ensuing election. dtd

DRUGS, MEDICINES, ETC.

CERTAIN CURE!

PERMANENT.

BREWER'S LUNG RESTORER

A CERTAIN AND PERMANENT CURE FOR

CONSUMPTION

Catarrh, Bronchitis,

COLDS, COUGHS, INFLUENZA,

Sore Throat, Shortness of Breath,

CLERGYMAN'S SORE THROAT,

And other Diseases of

THE THROAT AND LUNGS.

Price, $1.00 Per Bottle.

Lamar, Rankin & Lamar

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

The most Wonderful Lung Remedy of the Age. No Opium, Morphine, Bromide, or any narcotic. It is made from Roots and Herbs of the forests of Georgia, and never fails to benefit the sufferer from the first dose.

HEAR THE WITNESSES.

Messrs Lamar, Rankin & Lamar—Gentlemen: My little girl 8 years old has been for some time troubled with a severe cough, which physicians pronounced Bronchitis. She slept but little, coughing nearly the entire night, and we had to get up very often to help her out, the cough was so severe. At your solicitation I bought a bottle of Brewer's Lung Restorer, and she began to improve at once, and has been sleeping nicely ever since, and I firmly believe she will be permanently cured. I was very much frightened at her condition not long since, but am now rejoicing at her rapid recovery. Yours truly,
GEORGE F. WING.

Messrs. Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, Macon, Ga.—Gentlemen—A member of my family whom I feared had Consumption has been entirely cured by the use of Brewer's Lung Restorer. His condition was very alarming to all of us and we did everything that we could think of to benefit him, without success, until I got him a bottle of your Lung Restorer. He began to improve after the first dose, and before he had taken two bottles was entirely cured, where I feared no cure was possible, and I most cheerfully recommend it to all who have any affection of the Lungs. He was coughing and spitting all the time, so incessantly that it prevented his sleeping at night, and what little sleep he got did not refresh him in the least. Had but little appetite, and since he began the use of Brewer's Lung Restorer has slept well and his appetite is very much better. I have never seen anything act so promptly and effect a cure in so short a time. Wishing you great success and hoping the above may influence many to try Brewer's Lung Restorer where they need a medicine to strengthen and restore the Lungs to a healthy condition, I am very respectfully,
MRS. E. J. WILLIAMS,
72 Washington Avenue, near Wesleyan Female College.

It affords me pleasure to give my approval and certificate in favor of your Lung Restorer, having given it a fair trial in a number of cases where it proved a success in the treatment of Bronchitis and Consumption. Five years ago my wife was far gone in Consumption. She had been confined to her bed the greater part of the time, for six months with hectic Fever every day and I had but little hopes of her recovery, but by perseverance with the blessings of God, her lungs are to-day perfectly sound. I gave her no other Lung Medicine than yours and a cough syrup I make. I have generally given them together as I have strong faith in both. I succeeded in curing a number of hopeless cases and regard Brewer's Lung Restorer as a very valuable preparation.
A. R. NORTON, M. D.,
Corner West Broad and Harris Sts., Savannah, Ga

Walter A. Taylor, of Atlanta, says: I have been pushing the sale of Brewer's Lung Restorer, and selling it at every opportunity, and am satisfied that I will establish a good sale for it. I do not remember of a single instance where I sold one bottle but what the party did not return greatly benefited to get the second bottle. I will expect to sell it rapidly in the fall and winter. Yours truly,
WALTER A. TAYLOR,
Druggist, Atlanta, Ga.

MACON, GA., March 1st, 1880.

Dear Sirs: I had frequent hemorrhage before using your Consumptive Cure, and had been treated by Dr Crowell Johnson and other skilled physicians without being relieved, and after using three bottles of your medicine the hemorrhage was stopped, and I have never had one since. I am now in better health than ever before, and feel it my duty to state to the public the effects of your wonderful Consumption Cure on me.
Yours truly, MRS. E. G. AVANT.

MACON, GA.

Dear Sirs: I had been troubled for a long time before using your Consumptive preparation, with something like Asthma, and after using only two bottles of your medicine I breathed perfectly free and have felt no symptom of the disease since. I am confident your medicine cured me, and I cheerfully recommend it to all who are suffering with Asthma. Yours truly,
JOHN D. ROSS.

SOLD BY

Lamar, Rankin & Lamar

And All Other Druggists.

BUSINESS INDEX.

Leading Firms of Atlanta Classified

Architects.
FAY & JOHN MOSER, 19½ Broad.

Architect and Superintendent.
LEO, GUSTAVE E., corner Alabama and Pryor streets.

Awnings, Mattresses Bedding.
THE ONLY MATTRESS FACTORY in the State is the I. X. L. Mattress Factory. J. W. Pinner Proprietor. Send for Price List. 10½ N. Broad street Atlanta, Georgia.

Awnings, Upholstery, Bedding.
ERGINZINGER, A., 12 East Hunter. Mosquito Nets, Bedding, Mattresses. Established 1860.

Atlanta Nurseries.
COLE, M., & CO., on McDonough road, connected with city by Telephone, Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, Roses.

Auctioneers.
OLCOTT, E. H., & CO., 83 Marietta street, Atlanta, Georgia. Day Sales Mondays, Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Boots and Shoes.
NOLAN & DOTY, 67 Whitehall. Wholesale and Retail. Also, Leather, Shoe Findings, Hats Caps etc. Sign—Black Bear.

Books and Stationery.
PHILLIPS & CREW, 8 and 10 Marietta street Books.

Baths—Turkish.
MEDICAL, HYGIENIC AND TURKISH INSTITUTE, 14 Loyd, near Markham House. Cures Chronic and Blood Diseases.

Broom Factory.
LENFESTEY, A. S., Atlanta Broom Works No. 48 Decatur street.

Book Binders and Blank Book Manf's.
DUNNE'S NEW BOOK BINDERY—HUGH DUNNE & CO., 19½ Broad.

Cotton Buyers.
ANGIER N. L & C., 7 W. Alabama. Insurance. Also, Guano—Sterling and Lion brands

Commission Merchants.
CUMMINGS, J. F., & CO., 37 Broad. Will fill orders for Provisions and Grain. Agents for Peck & Bausher's Lard.
JOHNSON, ELAM, 66 Decatur. Family Groceries, Tennessee Produce, Fruits, Vegetables Wholesale. Send for quotations.

Crockery, China and Queensware.
RIPLEY, T. R., 89 Whitehall and 96 Broad.

Central Nursery.
LAMBERT, A., Sole Proprietor. Florist and Landscape Gardener. Fruit Trees, Green House Plants, etc

Coffees, Teas and Spices.
RAMSPECK, G. A., & CO., corner Peachtree and Line. Wholesale and Retail Teas, Coffees Sugars Spices. Iced Tea on draught.

Dyeing Establishment.
WATSON, J. S., & CHAS. HEINZ, 86 S. Pryor All work done neatly and promptly.

Engines and Sawmills.
ANDERSON, J. H., 89 Broad. Separators and Cotton Gins.

5 and 10 Cents Emporium.
KERR & FISHER, 56 Whitehall. 5 and 10 Cent Counter Supplies.

Groceries, Provisions and Fruits.
FLOERSH, A., 80 Peachtree. Dealer in Groceries. Foreign Fruits, etc.
CARLTON, & BRO, 134 Marietta. Free storage Consignments solicited.

Hotels.
WILSON HOUSE. J. L. Keith, Proprietor. Corner Alabama and Pryor. Porters at all trains

Hardware and Wagon Material.
McNAUGHT & SCRUTCHIN, 86 & 88 Whitehall

Jewelers—Man'g and Engraving.
NORTHEN, W. P., 47½ Whitehall—Badge Work and Monograms a speciality.

Liquors—Wholesale.
MAHER, M. E., 11 Mitchell.

Optician and Jeweler.
LAWSHE, ER, 47 Whitehall.

Physicians.
PARK, Dr. W. T. Eclectic Physician and Surgeon. Office, No. 12 Decatur street. Residence 231 Ivy street.

Pianos and Organs.
BRAUMULLER, O. L. & CO., 35 Whitehall. Branch of Ludden & Bates. Chickering Piano and Mason & Hamlin Organs.
ESTEY ORGAN CO., corner of Broad and Alabama—C. M. Cady, Manager.
FREYER, Prof. F. L., 28 Whitehall. Kranich & Bach Pianos and Wilcox & White Organs General Manager for the South.
PHILLIPS & CREW 8 and 10 Marietta. Wm Knabe & Co.'s Celebrated Pianos and Clough & Warren Organs.

Planing Mills.
HART, F. W., & SON, Fuller street, adjoining W. & A. R. R.

Printer and Stereotyper.
REYNOLDS, T. S., 18½ Whitehall.

Real Estate and Renting Agents.
FRIERSON & LEAK, Real Estate and Renting Agents, 31 Marietta street, Atlanta, Georgia Buy, Sell and Exchange City Property, Farms Mills, Mill Sites, Water Powers, Mines, Mineral and Wild Lands. Refer to Bankers and Merchants of our city.

Restaurant and Dining Rooms.
PEEL, D. C., 10 S. Broad. Meals at all hours Fine Tobacco and Cigars.

Rock and Brick Contractor.
McAFEE, W. W., 27½ Whitehall, Rock, Brick and Artificial Stone-work done to order.

Sewing Machines.
WILSON, W. T. 96 Broad Street—Dealer in the New Davis.
THE STEWART! Outrivals the Old Singer Sold at wholesale only by Fred. Bell & Co., Atlanta, Georgia, and at retail by Merchants and Agents in every town in the South

Sash, Doors and Blinds.
HART, F. W., 30 S. Broad. Also, best brands Mixed Paint and Builders' Hardware.

Stocks and Bonds.
CUMMINGS, J. F., & CO., 37 Broad. We buy and sell Stocks, Bonds, and other Securities.

Stencils, Seals and Stamps.
FAIRBANKS, C. F. & CO., 7½ Whitehall—Wood Engraving.

Sun-Bonnet Manufacturer.
WISEBERG, M., the original Sun-Bonnet Inventor, 31 and 33 Peachtree. Second floor. Entrance through No. 31.

Stoves and Tinware.
STEWART & FAIN, 59 Whitehall. Manufacturers of Baby Carriages.

Slate Manufacturers.
ELLIS DAVIS & CO. Atlanta, Box 367, or Rockmart. Stock complete. Orders promptly filled. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Trunk Manufacturer.
HUZZA & CO., 37 S. Pryor. Sample Trunks and Valises a Specialty. Headquarters for Trunks and Valises. Repairing done.

Tobacco and Cigars—Wholesale.
BEERMANN & KUHRT, 8 Whitehall.

Printers and Publishers.
BERGSTROM, A. M., Corner Pryor and Hunter. Book and Job Printer. Charges moderate.
DODSON & SCOTT, 84 S. Broad. Mercantile, Book and Job Printing neatly executed.
PENNETT B. F., Hillyer's building, cor. Broad Alabama streets, first floor. Material new, es first-class Work unsurpassed.
HARRISON, J. S. P., & CO., 27 and 29 Broad Binders, Printers and Publishers, Estimates furnished.
WINHAM, E. L., 19 Marietta. Job Printer.
DICKSON, H. H., 33 Broad. Publisher and General Job Printer. Write for estimates.
THE CONSTITUTION JOB OFFICE. All kinds of Book and Job Work neatly executed.

Publishers and Subscription Books.
CHAMBERS J. H., & CO., 8½ Whitehall. J. G. Grant, Manager. Agents Wanted.

Produce and Cotton Exchange.
CUMMINGS, J. F., & CO., Managers, 37 Broad Orders for Futures in Cotton, Grain and Provisions executed promptly. Write for information.

Plumbers, Steam and Gas Fitters.
BELLINGRATH, L., & SON, 7 Alabama. Tin Work, Bath Tubs, Water Closets, etc.

Paper, Rag and Hide Warehouses.

Undertaker, Contractor and Builder.
HARRISON, COLES, 173 and 175 Marietta.

Watches, Clocks and Dollar Store.
HARPER, Z. L., 7 [illegible]

SEE THIRD AND FOURTH PAGES.

ADVERTISEMENTS IN THIS COLUMN charged ten cents per seven words each insertion, payable in advance. No advertisement taken for less than thirty cents. No display, electrotype or cuts will be admitted in this column.

ADVERTISEMENTS—WHEN PROPERLY classified the smallest advertisement is seen at once by the very readers whose eyes it was intended to meet, and thus is just as valuable for this purpose as if it had been spread over the whole page.

WANTED.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A BOOK AND stationery establishment. Address C. J. B. 4 E Mitchell street. nov19—1t.

WANTED—TWO COMFORTABLY FURnished rooms, with first-class board, for gentleman, wife, a child of 8 and another of 6 years. House must have a good yard attached; and be in a dry healthy, and otherwise, desirable neighborhood, either in Atlanta or in one of the suburban villages. Address, Ford, this office stating price, to include fires, lights and attendance Private family preferred.
nov19—1t fri sat sun

WANTED—TWO LADIES COMPETENT TO do Dress making, can find steady employment at private house, by addressing C. R., care constitution nov18—d2t

WANTED—PERFECT MECHANICAL draftsman, one who has worked in Architects office will be preferred State wages expected and address O. 217 this office.
nov 7—d3t

WANTED—A COMPETENT TEACHER TO take charge of the Male and Female Academy at Knoxville, Georgia, for the year 1881. Address, with reference, M. D. Stroud, Secretary. Knoxville, Georgia, November 15th, 1880.
nov17—d1m wed fri sun

PARTIES WISHING TO BUY OR SELL WILD Lands and Mining Interests, Farms or City Property, call and see L. Y. Sawtell. Real Estate Agent, No. 10 Marietta street.
122 nov7—d&w 1

FOR SALE.

CHOICE SEED RYE, FOR SALE BY J. J Barnes, 47 and 49 Alabama street.
nov19—1t

DECATUR STREET NO. X ROAD CAKE Shop. I am daily receiving large shipments of Cabbage, choice Baldwin and Pippin Apples, Oranges, Butter Eggs, Dressed Poultry. Irish Potatoes, White Beans, Rice at Mill prices, Barley, Oats and Corn You know I am off to one side and not posted in the rise in goods, so you better call and pick up a bargain. Liam Johnson.
nov19—d1t

FOR SALE—A WELL ESTABLISHED BUSINESS suitable for a Physician. Address A. B. C., Constitution office. nov 7—d1w

FOR SALE—A 5-HORSE POWER STEAM Engine, nearly new. H. H. Dickson, 32 Broad street. nov 1 d2w

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—PLANTATION ON SOUTH River, late residence Hon. Lochlin Johnson, deceased, 9 miles east of Atlanta and 5 miles south of Decatur, directly on the main road to McDonough, containing 400 acres, about half open and in cultivation. Plenty river and creek bottoms. Apply to J Robinson, No. 11 East Alabama street nov 9—d3t fri19 sun21 tues23

FOR RENT—No. 4 4 PEACHTREE STREET, two-story eight-room Mansion Elegantly furnished. N. R. Fowler, 41 Broad street.
nov 8—dtf

MISCELLANEOUS.

TRUNKS AND VALISES REPAIRED AND covered at Lieberman & Kaufmann's factory, 92 Whitehall street Called for and delivered free.
nov14—1w

LOST.

ESTRAYED OR STOLEN FROM MY LOT on Pryor street, one small sorrel pony Horse and one black mare Mule. Suitable reward will be given for recovery of same. James W. Morris nov18—d1t

STRAYED—FROM THE PREMISES No 166 Thompson street, a black Cow with horns, together with Calf about 7 months old. Liberal reward is offered by the owner to whoever may bring them back. no 17—d2t

FOUND.

FOUND—HALE'S COUGH SYRUP—WILD Cherry, Tar, Honey and Lemon—beats the world for coughs, colds and lung diseases Ask your druggist for a trial bottle, 25c Headquarters Dr King's Drug store, 60 Decatur street, Atlanta, Ga. nov13 d2w sun wed fri

AUCTION SALES.

1 BED ROOM SET, MARBLE TOP—COOK and heating Stoves; Farming Tools; Furniture, Crockery and Glass ware; 1 good harness horse, etc. at Auction Saturday, 20th, in front W. C Morris & Co's Store, 21 Marietta street. D. P Hills, Auctioneer. nov19—2t

LOTTERIES.

L.S.L.

This is the only Lottery ever voted on and indorsed by the people of any State.

Unprecedented Attraction!

OVER HALF MILLION DISTRIBUTED

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

This Institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the State for Educational and Charitable purposes in 1868, for the term of Twenty-five Years, to which contract the inviolable faith of the State is pledged, which pledge has been renewed by an overwhelming popular vote, securing its franchise in the new constitution, adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879, with a capital of $1,000,000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of over $350,000. ITS GRAND SINGLE NUMBER DISTRIBUTION will take place monthly on the second Tuesday. It never scales or postpones Look at the following distribution:

GRAND PROMENADE CONCERT, during which will take place the

127th Grand Monthly

AND THE

Extraordinary Semi-Annual Drawing

At New Orleans, Tuesday, Dec. 14, 1880

Under the personal supervision and management of

Gen. G. T. Beauregard, of Louisiana and Gen. Jubal A. Early, of Virginia.

Capital Prize $100,000.

NOTICE.—Tickets are Ten Dollars only. Halves $5; Fifths $2; Tenths $1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize of	$100,000	$100,000
1 Grand Prize of	50 000	50,000
1 Grand Prize of	20 000	20,000
2 Large Prizes of	10 000	20,000
4 Large Prizes of	5,000	20,000
20 Prizes of	1,000	20,000
50 "	500	25,000
100 "	300	30,000
200 "	200	40,000
600 "	100	60,000
10,000 "	10	100,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

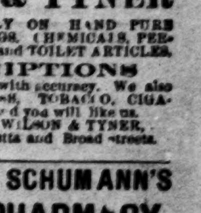
100 Approximation Prizes of	200	20,000
100 Approximation Prizes of	100	10,000
100 Approximation Prizes of	75	7,500

11,279 Prizes, amounting to 522,500

Gen. G. T. BEAUREGARD, of La.
Gen. JUBAL A. EARLY, of Va.,
Commissioners.

Applications for rates to clubs should only be made to the office of the Company in New Orleans. Write for circulars or send orders to
M. A. DAUPHIN,
New Orleans, La., or same Person at
No. 319 Broadway, New York,
Or P. O. Box 184, Atlanta, Georgia.
000 nov9—7&wk tiloct12 topcol

H. L. WILSON. C. O. TYNER.



WILSON & TYNER

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND PURE and FRESH DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PERFUMERY, fine SOAPS and TOILET ARTICLES.

PRESCRIPTIONS

prepared promptly and with accuracy. We also keep the BEST CIGARS, TOBACCO, CIGARETTES, etc. Try us, and you will like us.
WILSON & TYNER,
No. 30 corner Marietta and Broad streets.

SCHUMANN'S PHARMACY,
PHOTOGRAPHIC
Stock Depot
—AND—
CHEMICAL LABORATORY.
SIGN OF THE GOLDEN BEAR.
63 Whitehall St., cor. Hunter, ATLANTA, GA
Physicians Prescriptions Carefully put up at all hours.

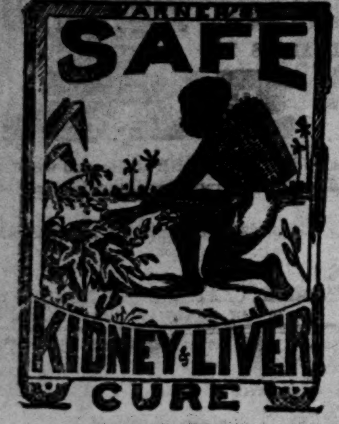
AUGSBURGER LIVER MEDICINE.
EXTRACT OF BARK,
a Cure for Intemperance.
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This preparation has been applied with great success against the Insects that attack Plants.

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THE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ATLANTA, November 18.—The senate met at 10 o'clock, and was called to order by the president. Prayer by Chaplain Duncan. The roll was called and the journal was read and approved.

Mr. McWhorter, from the committee on enrollment, reported that the resolution of thanks to Colonel R. N. Ely, had been duly enrolled.

Mr. McDaniel, of the judiciary committee, reported certain bills for the consideration of the senate.

These bills were read the first time:

By Mr Byrd—A bill to provide for the better protection of life and property against lamp oils. Referred to the committee on agriculture.

By Mr Byrd—A bill to establish public schools in each county in the state. Referred to the committee on education.

Mr. Carter—A bill to amend section 1286 of the revised code, in reference to "elections"—how and where held? Referred to committee on privileges and elections.

By Mr. Gorman—A bill to require qualified voters to vote in their militia districts. Referred to committee on judiciary.

By Mr Denmark—A bill to amend paragraph 1, section 1 of an act to define the jurisdiction, powers and proceeding of Early county court in the state. Referred to committee on judiciary.

By Mr. Gorman—A lengthy resolution requesting our representatives in congress to use their best powers to get the general government to extend educational aid to the several states of the south on the basis of illiteracy, etc. Referred to committee on judiciary.

These bills were read the second time:

A house bill to change the time of holding the superior court of Henry county and for other purposes. Passage recommended by the judiciary committee

A bill to provide a penalty for buying and selling votes. Passage recommended by the judiciary committee.

A bill to authorize acknowledgments in other states before notaries public. Passage recommended by the judiciary committee.

A bill to require constables and bailiffs to sell only on the regular monthly court days, etc Recommitted to judiciary committee

A bill to altar paragraph 2, section 1, article 5, of the constitution of Georgia Recommitted to the judiciary committee.

A bill to change the time for the meeting of the legislature. Recommitted to the judiciary committee.

A bill to require superior court judges to alternate in holding their courts The judiciary committee reported adversely on this bill. The report was agreed to and the bill lost.

A bill to request representatives in congress to have tobacco grown for the use of producers exempted from taxation. The judiciary committee reported adversely on this bill, and it was laid on the table for the present.

A sealed message was received from the governor, and on motion the senate went into executive session.

In executive session the senate confirmed James H Turner, judge of the county court of Monroe county.

On motion the senate took a recess of fifteen minutes.

The chair announced that twelve o'clock having arrived, the senate would proceed to the house and continue the election of judges And the senate proceeded. The senate got back and at once adjourned to 3:25 o'clock p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The senate met at 3:25 and repaired to the house to continue the election of judges.

The senate returned and adjourned to 10 this morning.

The House.

The house met at 10 o'clock this morning, and was called to order by the speaker. Prayer by Rev. John Jones, D D, the chaplain. The roll was not called. The journal was read and approved.

The first was the call of the roll of counties for the introduction of new matter.

By Mr Youngblood, of Washington—A bill to require non-residents owning land in Washington county to return the same in said county. Referred to the committee on local and special bills.

By Mr McClure, of Towns—To provide for a free road over the Blue Ridge Referred to the committee on local and special bills.

Also, a bill to revise the jury box of Towns county. Referred to committee on local and special bills.

By Mr. Addington, of Sumter—To revise the jury law of said county. Referred to committee on local and special bills.

By Mr. Jackson of Richmond—A bill to incorporate the Richmond railroad company. Referred to committee on local and special bills.

Mr Dupree, of Macon, occupied the chair for a while.

By Mr. Mays, of Richmond—To provide for amending an act to create a board of health for Richmond county. Referred to committee on local and special bills.

Also, a bill to repeal an act relative to the payment of solicitors' costs of Richmond county. Referred to committee on local and special bills

By Mr. Wingfield, of Putnam—A bill to provide for a county solicitor for Putnam county. Referred to committee on local and special bills.

By Mr. Garrard, of Muscogee—A bill to repeal an act creating a county court for Muscogee county. Referred to committee on finance.

By Mr. Roney, of McDuffie—A bill to provide for the trial of certain cases by appeal. Referred to committee on judiciary

Mr. Davis, of Lumpkin—A bill to repeal an act prohibiting the sale of liquor in Dahlonega.

Also a bill to repeal an act prohibiting the sale of liquor in a certain district of Lumpkin county.

Both referred to committee on local and special bills.

By Mr. Maddox—A bill to authorize the commissioners of Floyd to purchase one or more bridges over the Etowah and Oostanaula rivers. Referred to committee on local and special bills.

By Mr. Jackson, of Richmond—To exclude from the village of Summerville, the lands of D R Wright Referred to committee on local and special bills.

By Mr. Whittle—A bill to prohibit the sale of spirituous liquors in Lowndes county. Referred to committee on local and special bills.

By Mr. Roney, of McDuffie—To provide for the trial of certain cases by a special jury.

By Mr. James, of Douglass—To repeal an act conferring additional powers on tax collectors. Referred to the committee on judiciary.

By Mr. Barrow, of Clark—A bill to relieve James Camak. Referred to the committee on local and special bills.

By Mr. McIntosh, of Liberty—A bill to prohibit the payment of per diem and mileage of unseated members. Referred to finance committee.

By Mr. Strother, of Lincoln—A bill to fix the fees of the sheriff and treasurer of Lincoln county. Referred to local and special committee.

By Mr Northern, of Hancock—A bill to regulate the tax on spirituous liquors. Referred to finance committee.

By Mr. Hutchins, of Gwinnett—A bill to provide for the support of the government, by a schedule of taxation. Referred to finance committee.

By Mr McBride, of Haralson—A bill to amend the charter of the town of Talipoosa Referred to local and special committee.

By Mr. Hillyer, of Fulton—To prohibit the sale of lottery tickets. Referred to judiciary committee.

By Mr. Patterson, of Fulton—A bill to pay Thomas L Snead for services to the state of Georgia. Read and referred to committee on finance

By Mr. Wright, of Floyd—A bill to charter the Atlanta and Rome railroad company. Referred to committee on local and special bills.

By Mr. Patterson, of Fulton—To extend the time of payment to the state by the purchasers of the Macon and Brunswick railroad Referred to committee on finance

By Mr. Post, of Coweta—A bill to make the clerk of the superior court in Coweta county clerk of the county court. Read and referred to committee on special judiciary.

By Mr Hightower, of Early—To reduce the bond of the sheriff of Early county. Referred to committee on local and special bills.

By Mr. Williams, of Dooly—To regulate the sale of farm products in this state. Referred to the committee on agriculture.

By Mr Silman, of Jackson—A bill to require judges in certain cases to advertise the order in which they will take up their dockets. Referred to the judiciary committee.

Mr. DuBignon obtained consent to withdraw a bill and introduce in its stead a bill for the same purpose, viz: To increase the pay of the treasurer of Baldwin county.

Also a bill to amend the charter of Milledgeville. Referred to the committee on local and special bills.

On motion of Mr Bacon, of Chatham, the house took up the joint resolution looking to the appointment of a joint committee on hygiene

Mr. Bacon moved to amend the resolution by making the proposed committee to consist of five from the senate and thirteen from the house The amendment was agreed to and the bill, as amended, passed.

By Mr. Julian, of Forsyth—A bill to incorporate the Cumming and Suwanee railroad. Referred to committee on local and special bills.

Mr. Goodrich, of McIntosh—A bill to fix the law as to pay of ousted members. Referred to committee on finance.

Mr. Sweat, of Clinch—A bill to regulate the care of convicts in this state. Referred to committee on the penitentiary.

Mr. Heath, of Burke—To amend section 1493 of the code. Referred to judiciary committee.

Mr Barrow, of Clarke—A bill to amend the law as to tracing land lines and the duties of county surveyors. Referred to committee on judiciary.

Mr. Wright, of Floyd—A bill to prohibit the granting of more than two trials in civil cases. Referred to committee on judiciary

Mr. Youngblood, of Washington—A bill to submit the question of the sale of spirituous liquors to the people of said county

On motion of Mr Hunt, the house took a recess of ten minutes.

By Mr. Hester of Dougherty—A bill to authorize the commissioner of said county to issue bonds to the amount of $30.000 Referred to committee on local and special bills.

THE JOINT SESSION.

The senate appeared at the door of the house and was admitted.

President Boynton took the chair.

The balloting for an associate justice of the supreme court to fill the unexpired term of Judge Jackson, resigned, was continued

The first ballot of the day resulted as follows:

George N. Lester 59, A. M. Speer 66, A. H. Hansell 54, John W. Park 20, John T. Clarke 20, Hawkins 6.

Mr. Hammond of the house, in a beautiful and appropriate speech, withdrew the name of the Hon. Augustin H Hansell.

The second ballot was then had and resulted—Lester 74, Speer 63, Clarke 50, Park 21, Hawkins 7

On the third ballot Lester and Speer had 74 each, with Park and Clarke away behind.

After the third ballot changes began, and Speer rose rapidly.

Mr. Garrard of the house withdrew the name of John W. Park. and changed to Speer.

Mr Guerry, of the senate, withdrew the name of Hon. Willis A Hawkins.

Mr Butt, of the senate, withdrew the name of Hon. John T Clarke.

Mr. Twiggs, of Richmond, said he was authorized to withdraw the name of Hon. George N. Lester.

The withdrawals were applauded, and it soon became evident that Speer would be elected. Changes were so rapid that the roll was called to allow all changes that were desired.

Judge Speer was then unanimously elected for the term ending January 1st. 1883.

The joint session was dissolved until half past 3 o'clock

The house then adjourned until 3:25, p.m.

The house met at 3:25, the speaker in the chair.

Mr. Harrall, Decatur, offered a resolution that, whereas much injustice has been done certain persons by the illegal sale of wild lands, be it resolved that the judiciary committee look in the matter in order to relieve such parties.

The hour of 3:30 p.m. having arrived the senate appeared in the hall, and the president took the chair.

The Albany circuit was taken up. The election in this circuit is for judge, the term beginning on the first of Jan. 1881. Mr. Hester, of Dougherty, put the name of Hon. Wm O Fleming before the assembly, seconded by Senator Fouche.

Senator Haws nominated Hon. Isaac A. Bush, seconded by Mr Heard, of Miller.

The roll was then sounded and the result was, Fleming 118, Bush 86

Mr. Adderton changed to Bush from Fleming, giving Bush 87.

Mr. Bassinger then came in and voted for Fleming, thus restoring his lost vote.

The president then declared Hon. W. O Fleming duly elected judge of the Albany circuit.

The Atlanta circuit was next taken up. Mr Rice, of Fulton, nominated Hon George Hillyer, the present incumbent, and was seconded by Senator Mattox, of the 30th district. No other nomination was made The result of the ballot was 198 for Judge Hillyer, and he was duly declared elected.

The Blue Ridge circuit—In this circuit Hon. James R Brown, of Cherokee county, was nominated by Mr. Barrow, of Clarke, and seconded by Senator Pain, of the 32d district. There was no other nomination.

The result stood 200 votes for Judge James R. Brown, and he was declared duly elected judge of the Blue Ridge circuit. A motion to adjourn was promptly voted down.

The Chattahoochee circuit—There were three nominations in this circuit. Hon. Beverly A. Thornton, of Muscogee, was nominated by Senator Butt, of the 24th district, seconded by Mr. Hansel, of Cobb; Hon. James Wimberly, of Stewart, was nominated by Mr. Hightower, of Stewart, seconded by Senator Parks, of the 11th district; and Hon. T J Willis, of Tolbert, was nominated by Senator Gorman, of the 25th district, seconded by Mr. Adderton, of Sumter.

The result stood, Willis 80, Wimberly 79 and Thornton 33. No election.

The motion to dissolve the joint session till 11:30 a.m. to morrow was carried by a vote of 116 yeas to 42 nays.

The senate then withdrew and the house allowed Mr. Lane, of Bibb, to introduce certain local bills without going through the formality of suspending the rules.

Hon. J. M. Pace.

Covington Star.

Judge A. M. Speer, of the Flint circuit, is a prominent candidate for judge of the supreme court. He is one of the ablest and best judges on the circuit bench of Georgia, and we think his chances for election to the supreme bench are very good. Should he be elected, his promotion will create a vacancy on the bench of the Flint circuit This vacancy will have to be filled by the present legislature. For this vacancy we suggest the name of Hon. James M. Pace, Covington, than whom there is no one in the district more eminently fitted. He is well known to the entire bar and people of the circuit, and is well qualified in every particular to fill the position. He is a lawyer of the highest order of legal ability, and a gentleman of culture and high character for integrity. His election to the judgeship of the Flint circuit would give entire satisfaction to the people of the circuit, and we think the legislature would act wisely in selecting him for that honorable and important judicial position. Aside from Captain Pace's fitness for the position, we hold that our end of the circuit is entiled to the next appointment, as Griffin has enjoyed the distinction of furnishing the judge for this circuit for many years past without interruption. We especially call the attention of members of the legislature to these facts, and trust that, other things being equal, they will give our end of the district a fair showing in this matter. Should the vacancy occur, therefore, as above suggested, we hope to see Captain Pace unanimously chosen to fill it.

—It is odd that frost kills yellow fever but does not check smallpox. We know, however, that it makes Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup go like hot cakes.

—"What," asks an excited correspondent in Iowa. "will stand out more prominently in the history of the year 1880 than the fact tha 40,000,000 free people choose for themselves a ruler?" Nothing that we know of, unless it is the fact that a two year-old colt trotted in 2:26½.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate should be taken when suffering with headache.

—Full of years and honors the venerable constable of the London Tower, who was born as far back as 1790, is in his last illness. Sir Charles Yorke is almost the last of the Waterloo staff officers, having been present in the great battle as aide-de camp to Major General Frederick Adam.

An Editor's Escape.

OFFICE OF THE "INDUSTRIAL ERA," ALBIA, IOWA, May 26, 1880.—To Whom it may Concern: I take great pleasure in making the following statement: I have been afflicted with a disease of the kidneys for the past two years, and have tried numerous remedies with only partial and temporary relief. Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure was recommended to me, and after taking it the pain and distress left me, and I am to-day feeling strong and well. I am perfectly satisfied that Warner's Safe Kidney and Liver Cure is the medicine needed, and can cheerfully recommend it to others.

G. W. STAMM.

nov13 d2w sun,wed&fri&w2w 2d p

—There seems to be a general opposition among the brewers to putting a duty of 25 cents per bushel on malt. They declare that such a duty would be prohibitory, and leave them at the mercy of the maltsters. Who blames them?

Humbugged Again.

I saw so much said about the merits of Hop Bitters, and my wife who was always doctoring, and never well, teased me so urgently to get her some, I concluded to be humbugged again; and I am glad I did, for in less than two months use of the Bitters my wife was cured and she has remained so for eighteen months since. I like such humbugging.—H. T., St. Paul.—Pioneer Press.

THE SUPREME COURT.

DECISIONS RENDERED NOV. 2, 1880.

Chief-Justice Jackson; Associate Justices Martin J. Crawford and Willis A. Hawkins—Reported by Jackson & Lumpkin, Supreme Court Reporters.

Summerlin, administrator, vs. Dorsett, administrator Assumpsit, from Douglass Wills. Statute of Limitations. Administrators and executors.

Jackson, C. J.—A will which was probated in 1857 provided a life estate in the realty for the widow of the testator; at her death certain land was to go to the children of one of testator's sons, to be managed for them by said son free from liability to account for use, etc; the personalty (with certain exceptions) was to the widow to be used and controlled by her for life and at her death to be divided among testator's children and grand children, in the manner pointed out. It was provided that there should be no sale of negroes for the sake of distribution, but that the executor should divide them into lots as nearly equal as possible, and that the difference in equality be made up in money In the same year the executor returned that he had $6 454 09 cash left at the death of testator. He never paid it over, but died in 1866; his estate was unrepresented till 1876 when administration was had In 1877 the widow of the original testator died. In 1879 his administrator de bonis non brought suit against the administrator of the deceased executor for the money so earned:

Held that the declaration showed on its face that it was barred by the act of 1869, and was demurrable. The will did not intend for the money to be retained by the executor for purposes of equalization at the death of the widow; it was intended for that to be done by inter payments among the distributees. The right of action had accrued to the widow for the use of herself and the remaindermen, if anything should be left prior to 1865, if she took any estate in it. If she took none, then the right of action had accrued to the legatees. In either event the suit was not brought prior to 1870, nor within nine months and fifteen days after administration on the estate of the executor.

Judgment affirmed.

L H Featherston; C. W. Mabry, for plaintiffs in error.

P. H. Brewster; J. S James; R. A Massey; L. R. Ray; A. J. Richards, for defendant.

Smith vs. Brooks. Complaint, from Monroe. Indorsement. Principal and Surety. Contracts

Jackson, C. J.—1. Where a contract containing a promise to pay both cotton as rent and money for provisions advanced by the landlord, was transferred by the following indorsement on its back: "For value received I hereby transfer, assign and indorse the within lien and mortgage to R P Brooks, with full power to enforce the same," the landlord became an indorser, for value; and in a suit against him by the transferee, the contract was admissible without first showing the insolvency of the tenant.

2 Such an indorser did not occupy the position of a surety, but of an indorser for value; and therefore a plea to the effect that about two weeks before the debt became due the indorser notified the holder to make the money, the tenant then having cotton subject therefor, which he afterwards disposed of, that the holder failed to do so, and the debt was thereby lost, was demurrable. Especially so, as the county of the principal was not stated. Code, section 2156

3. A plea which alleged that the contract and intention of the parties was not to render the landlord liable as an indorser but simply to transfer the rent contract, and which prayed for a reformation accordingly, was demurrable, there being no specific allegation of fraud, accident or mistake in the use of the term "indorse."

Judgment affirmed.

W. D. Stone, for plaintiff in error.

Berner & Turner, by H. C. Peeples, for defendant.

Richards vs. Hunt, Rankin & Lamar. Complaint, from Rockdale. Partnership. Notice. Debtor and creditor.

Jackson, C. J.—1 Where, with the consent and advice of a retiring partner, the old firm name continues to be used, and there is no notice to a creditor who deals with the firm that he has retired, if such creditor acts on the faith that the old member, whom he knew from his own statements to have been for years a partner, is still so, and on the strength thereof credits the firm, though he may not do so till after the change, yet the retiring partner will be estopped from denying the partnership, and his liability thereunder.

2 That a witness has refreshed his memory since the trial of a case by reference to documents which were equally accessible before, is not such newly discovered testimony as to be ground for a new trial. Especially not, where the witness is also a party.

3. The verdict is too large by $15.87, which is directed to be written off.

Judgment affirmed.

J. N. Glenn; J. J. Floyd; Hopkins & Glenn, for plaintiff in error.

Barton & Christian, for defendants.

The Rockdale Paper Mill vs. Stevens. Complaint, from Rockdale Non suit. Verdict. Jurors New trial.

Jackson, C. J.—1 Although a non-suit may have been improperly refused at the time the motion therefor was made, yet if the proof necessary to make out the plaintiff's case was afterwards supplied, a new trial will not be granted on that ground.

2. An error which did no injury will not necessitate a new trial

3 That one of the counsel for the plaintiff was talking about the case on trial in a public place, and without his knowledge a member of the jury near by heard him say that he had been down three or four times about these cases, and hoped he would get through with them, is not ground for a new trial.

4. The verdict is for a principal larger than the note sued on. It is directed that the excessive amount be written off, or a new trial be granted. Costs are awarded against the defendant in error.

Judgment affirmed on terms.

A. C. McCalla; A. A. Zachry; George W. Gleaton, for plaintiff in error.

Gaber & Lester, for defendant.

Simms, executor, vs. Floyd. Complaint, from Newton. Practice in the Superior Court. Attorney and Client. Contracts. Practice in the Supreme Court

Crawford, J.—1. It was error for the court to refuse a request to charge and to state in the hearing of the jury that there was no evidence to authorize such a charge, when in fact there was such evidence.

2. When an attorney represented a party in court with his knowledge, and he did not object thereto, the presumption is that such services were rendered with his consent, and under an implied contract to pay what those services were reasonably worth. But it does not follow, if there were more parties than one on a side, and the attorney was employed by only one, and the others had knowledge that he was representing the whole case and the services were for their benefit, and accepted by them, that to avoid liability it was their duty to have notified the attorney that they would not be liable.

3 It was error for the court to repeat again and again that portion of his charge which was favorable to the plaintiff, but not that part which was favorable to the defendant.

(a). The motion for new trial was approved without qualification or reference to the general charge of the court, April 8. 1880, (the trial having been on March 18); in the record is what appears to be the charge of the court; at its close is an order of court, dated April 8, 1880, stating that it is the substance of his charge, and directing the clerk to send up a copy of it as a part of the record:

Held, that this cannot be considered for the purpose of qualifying the grounds of the motion for new trial in the absence of all reference thereto in connection with the approval.

Judgment reversed.

Clark & Pace, for plaintiff in error.

J. J. Floyd; H. D. McDaniel, for defendant.

Rooks vs. The State. Malicious mischief, from Monroe. Witness Practice in the Superior Court. Evidence. Venue. Criminal law.

Crawford, J.—1. While we think it a sound rule of practice, in putting witnesses under the rule, to swear all of them on both sides and send them out of hearing until called to testify, still we know of no law which renders a witness incompetent because he has heard some of the testimony on the side opposite to that on which he was called. It might be a ground to attach the witness, but not to exclude him. Code, section 3863; 27 Ga 288

2. In a criminal case the venue must be proved beyond a reasonable doubt.

Judgment reversed

Berner & Turner; H. C. Peeples, for plaintiff in error.

F. D Dismuke, solicitor general; Stewart & Hall, for the State.

Knox, administrator, vs. Rosser, et. al. Garnishment, from Rockdale. Garnishments. Attorney and client.

Crawford, J.—Where an attorney makes an affidavit as the foundation of a garnishment, it is not sufficient for him to state that the defendant is justly indebted to his client a specific sum, "and that he (the attorney at law,) has reason to believe that the said Daniel N Baker (his client,) will apprehend the loss of the same, or some part thereof, unless process of garnishment do issue." A garnishment founded on such an affidavit will be dismissed on motion.

Judgment affirmed.

A. C McCalla, for plaintiff in error.

J. N. Glenn, L. B. Anderson, for defendants.

Shattles, guardian, vs. Melton et al. Equity, from Upson. Homestead. Parties.

Hawkins, J.—The head of a family was the proper party to sue for the recovery of a homestead under the act of 1876, in the absence of any good reason to the contrary, and a bill brought by certain beneficiaries to recover the homestead, without any reason being shown why the head of the family was not a party complainant was demurrable.

(a) A homestead having been sold in 1873, and suit brought by certain beneficiaries to recover it in July, 1876, it was too late in 1880 to amend by making the head of the family a party complainant.

Judgment affirmed

W. S Wallace; Hall & Son, for plaintiff in error.

J. A. Cotten; Stewart & Hall, for defendants.

Stodgill vs. The State. Murder, from Butts Criminal law. New trial.

Hawkins, J.—The verdict was not contrary to law or the evidence, and a new trial is refused, even though the solicitor general stated that he thought the ends of justice might be better accomplished by the grant of a new trial.

Judgment affirmed.

T W. Thurmond; Beck & Beeks; M. V. McKibben; H. C. Peeples, for plaintiff in error

F. D. Dismuke, solicitor general, for the state.

Richards vs. Butler & Carroll. Complaint, from Newton Partnership. Charge of court New trial.

Hawkins, J.—1. A charge not warranted by the evidence should not be given.

2 Partners may dissolve inter sese by consent, but in order to relieve a retiring partner from liability to one who has dealt and continues to deal with the firm on the faith of his being a member, notice of the dissolution is necessary; especially, where the firm name remains unchanged.

(a). Actual notice is required. Therefore, a publication in a paper which does not circulate in the vicinity where the person to be notified resides, without more, would not be sufficient.

3. The verdict is not contrary to law or evidence, except in so far as controlled by the erroneous charge.

Judgment reversed on terms.

J. J Floyd; J. N. Glenn; Hopkins & Glenn, for plaintiff in error.

Clark & Pace, for defendants.

Bailey vs. The State. Malicious mischief, from Monroe. Indictment. Criminal law.

Hawkins, J.—1. An indictment for malicious mischief which charged the commission of the offense in a certain year without naming either a day or month was defective, and should be quashed on special demurrer before arraignment.

2 The mere shooting of a cow is not rendered criminal by the statute, but only the killing or maiming of cattle or the killing of a hog. In other cases the owner is remanded to his civil action.

W D Stone; Cabaniss & Turner; H. C. Peeples, for plaintiff in error.

F D Dismuke, solicitor general, by Stewart & Hall, for the state.

Ellis vs. Barnett. Claim, from Newton. Homestead Laws.

Hawkins, J.—An execution for $58 91 predicated upon a debt contracted in 1873, was levied upon personal property of Barnett, the defendant The debt was not one of those which, under the constitution, are good against a homestead He had before the levy had the property so levied upon set apart under the provisions of the constitution of 1877, as exempt. On submission of the case to the court, without a jury, he held the property not subject:

Held, that the court did not err, the amount of the property not being greater than that allowed by the code or by the constitution of 1868, and it not appearing whether or not the exemption would be good thereunder.

Judgment affirmed.

E Womack, for plaintiff in error.

A. B. Simms; Capers Dickson, for defendant.

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nov19—d1t top col

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218 oct10—d6m sun wed fri &wky6m

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816 oct8—4m

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General Freight, Ticket and Passenger Agent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A Bill will be introduced in the present Legislature with the following caption and for the purpose therein named:

An Act to be entitled an "Act for the relief of the estate of John Harris, deceased, from liabilities to the state of Georgia, by reason of security ship on the bond of Isaac P. Harris, as Treasurer of the Western and Atlantic Railroad."

A. S. SIMMS,
Executor of John Harris,

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 1, 1880. nov2—d4w tues

FULTON COUNTY SHERIFF'S SALES FOR December, 1880.—Will be sold before the court-house door, in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in December next, within the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to-wit:

A certain parcel of land lying in the 17th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, and known as the west part of lots of land Nos 116 and 117, beginning on the south line of lot No 116 at the middle thereof; running north across said lot to the north line; thence across said lot No 117 in a northeasterly direction to the south end of the lane; thence along said lane to the creek; thence up the creek to the north line of lot No 117; thence west along the line of said lot to the corner thereof, thence south to the southwest corner of lot No 116 and thence east to the beginning, Supposed to contain 220 acres more or less. Described in a certain deed of mortgage executed by W P. Johnston to Silvey & Dougherty, bearing date the 7th day of March. 187 , and recorded on the 12th day of March, 1878, which mortgage was transferred to Henry Irby. Levied on as the property of W. P. Johnston, to satisfy a mortgage fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of R. B. Hicks, administrator of Henry Irby, deceased, vs W. P Johnston. Property described in said mortgage fi fa.

Also, at the same time and place. twenty-three lots of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta and in land lot fifty of the fourteenth district of originally Henry now Fulton county, said city lots being part of the Luckie property subdivision in said land lot fronting on Collins street, Merritt's avenue, Pine and Calhoun streets, and known and distinguished by certain numbers as follows: Nos 5, 6 and 8, each fronting on the east side of Collins street and extending east 140 feet; Lot No 8 fronts on Collins street and Merritt's avenue the southeast corner of said street. Lots Nos 10, 12 and 13 fronting each 48 feet on south side of Merritt's avenue and extending back 140 feet; lots Nos 15 and 16 fronts each 33 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue and extends back south same width 14 feet; lot No 19 fronts on the west side of Calhoun street 47½ feet and extends back west 142 feet being of same width front to rear: lots Nos 21, 22, 23, 24, 26 and 27 front each on north side of Pine street 47½ feet and extending back north same width each of front 140 feet Lot No 30 fronts on the west side of a 20 foot alley which runs from Merritt's avenue to Pine street, fronting on said west side of said alley 47½ feet, more or less, and extending back west 142 feet. Lot No 31 fronts 47½ feet on the east side of said 20 foot alley and extends east 144 feet, being in the rear of and adjoining lots Nos 12 and 13 hereinbefore described and lot No 14 of said survey now belonging to said Luckie estate). Lots Nos 33, 34 35, 36, 37 and 38 fronts each 48 feet on the south side of Merritt's avenue, between Calhoun street and a 20 foot alley called Bishop's street, and extend back south each of same width 140 feet, said lot No 33 being on southeast corner of Merritt's avenue and Calhoun street; said lots being more fully described in deeds from T N. Luckie, J. S Luckie and N. F. Luckie, executors of T. N. Luckie to John R Wallace.

Also the following other city property and lots to wit: 181 lots being in the city of Atlanta, and in land lot forty-six of said 14th district, and known in the subdivision of the Bradley property as lot No. 8, fronting 46 11-100 feet on west side of Randolph street, and running back 12½ feet; lots Nos. 21 and 19, each fronting 49 11-100 feet on east side of Bradley street and running back 126 50 100 lots Nos. 24, 28, 25 and 29, fronting each 49 feet on the west side of Bradley street and running back 132 feet; lot Nos. 33, 35, 37 and 39 fronting each 49 feet on the east side of Holland street, and running back 132 feet; lots Nos. 9 and 10, each fronting 49 11-100 feet on west side of Randolph street, and running back 126 50 100 feet; lot No. 20, fronting 49 11-100 feet on the east side of Bradley street, and running back 126 50-100 feet; lots Nos. 26, 27, 30 and 31 fronting each 49 11-100 feet on west side of Bradley street and running back 132 feet, being lots bought by said Wallace from C. J. Cary, guardian of J. J Bradley's estate and deeded to said Wallace by said Cary, guardian, as aforesaid. Levied on as the property of John R. Wallace, to satisfy a mortgage fi fa issued from Fulton superior court in favor of the Bank of the state of Georgia vs John R. Wallace; property pointed out in said fi fa.

Also, at the same time and place, the following property in subdivision of city block 7, of land lot 85, of the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, in the second ward of said city, being lots fronting on M Daniel, Crowell and Baldwin streets and described thus: Lots 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, fronting each on the east side of McDaniel street, 48¾ feet, more or less, and running back east of uniform width, 115 feet. Also lot No 17, fronting on the east side of McDaniel street, 65 feet, and running back east of uniform width 115 feet. Also, lots 2, 4, 6, 8 10, 12, 14, and 16, fronts each 48¾ feet on west side of Baldwin street and extends west same width 115 feet. Also, lot No 18, fronts on west side of Baldwin street 65 feet and extends west 115 feet. Also, lots Nos 19, 21, 23, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 40. Each fronts 52 feet on east side of Baldwin street and runs back of same width 100 feet Also, lots 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38 and 39 Each fronts 52 feet on west side of Crowell street and runs back same width to front line 100 feet Levied on as the property of John R. Wallace to satisfy a mortgage fi fa issued from Fulton Superior Court in favor of The Bank of the State of Georgia vs. John R. Wallace. Property pointed out in said mortgage fi fa.

Also at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in the county of Fulton, known and described as part of land lot No 7, and being a town lot in the town of Thomasville, lying on the east side of the McDonough road, bounded on the east by the county line, on the north by Henry Thomas, on the west by the McDonough road, and on the south by James Hill, in the 14th district of Fulton county, Ga., containing four acres. Levied on as the property of W. H. Clark, to satisfy a fi fa issued from Fulton court of ordinary in favor of Fulton county vs Samuel R Hoyle, principal, tax collector, and R O Douglass, J S Langston, Ed Mercer, W E Hoyle, W H Clark, John H Loyd, R J Godfrey, Geo H Jones, securities; property pointed out by plaintiff's attorney.

Also at the same time and place two acres of land more or less, off of the southeast corner of the south half of original land lot No 8, of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, bounded on the east by DeKalb county line, on the south by land lot No 7, and on the north and west by lands of Jesse T. Brown. Levied on as the property of John Scrutchins, to satisfy a Justice court fi fa for the purchase money 530 Dis G. M., in favor of Jesse T. Brown vs John Scrutchins. Levy made by James Heldebrand, L. C, and handed me.

Also at the same time and place a house and lot in the city of Atlanta, situated on Fair and Fraser streets, and adjoining lots of Sheridan and Crumley, containing one-eighth of an acre, more or less, being part of original land lot No 52 in the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, Ga. Levied on as the property of Nancy White to satisfy a justice court fi fa, 1026th district G. M., in favor of J. M. Goldsmith vs M. M. White and Nancy White Levy made by J. R. Thompson, L. C., and handed me.

Also, at the same time and place, two city lots, Nos. 8 and 9, and the improvements thereon, each fronting forty feet on Packard alley, and running back same width one hundred and ten feet, bounded north by Schofield street, in the city of Atlanta, and being part of land lot number forty five, 14th district originally Henry, now Fulton county, Georgia. being one fourth of an acre, more or less. Levied on as the property of Hamlin Hudgins to satisfy three Justice Court fi fas. issued from 104th district G M. of DeKalb county in favor of M P. Kiser vs. Hamlin Hudgins Levy made by J. M. Smith, L.C., and handed me.

Also, at the same time and place, all that tract or parcel of land, situated in the 5th ward of the city of Atlanta, and in land lot 78 of the 14th district of originally Henry now Fulton county, fronting 25 feet on the northeast side of Marietta street and extending back in a northeasterly direction along the north side of Foundry street 85 feet, more or less, to an alley separating said property from the property of Fire Company No. 5 Levied on as the property of E. L Jones, by virtue of and to satisfy a fi fa from Fulton Superior Court in favor of William S. Thomson, as Master and Auditor, against E. L Jones. Property pointed out by plaintiff.

nov7 d1aw4w W. A. WILSON, Sheriff.

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Cures Remittent Fever.

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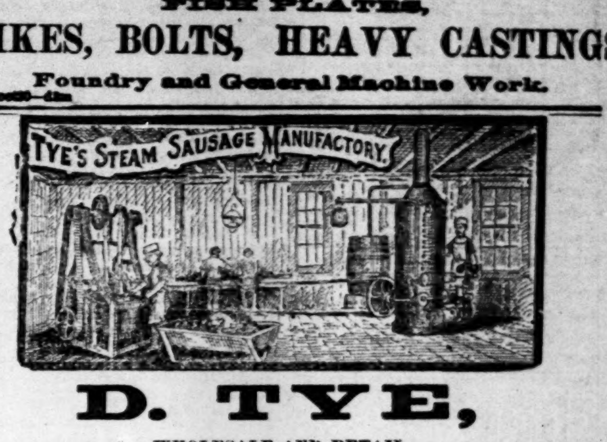
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No dog sausage unless ordered especially.
Get my prices before buying elsewhere. Try my sausage and I am sure to make you a customer.
Factory No. 9 West Peters street. Salesrooms 108 and 135 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.
Back-bone and Spare-ribs in season. nov13 d1m

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oct15—d1t jan1



A SQUARE ISSUE!

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THE DAVIS VERTICAL FEED
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For SEWING USE!
THE ENTRY MADE BY W. T. WILSON.
WHOLESALE DEALER, 96 BROAD STREET.

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Manufacture a Desirable Line of Heating and Cooking Stoves,
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Both Plain and with Reservoir.
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KIDNEGEN is highly recommended and unsurpassed for WEAK or FOUL KIDNEYS, DROPSY, BRIGHT'S DISEASE, LOSS of ENERGY, NERVOUS DEBILITY, or any OBSTRUCTIONS arising from KIDNEY or BLADDER DISEASES. Also, for YELLOW FEVER, BLOOD and KIDNEY POISONING, in infected malarial sections.

By the distillation of a FOREST LEAF with JUNIPER BERRIES and BARLEY MALT we have discovered KIDNEGEN, which acts specifically on the Kidneys and Urinary Organs, removing deposits in the bladder and any straining, smarting, heat or irritation in the water passages, giving them strength, vigor and causing a healthy color and easy flow of urine. It can be taken at all times, in all climates without injury to the system. Unlike any other preparation for Kidney difficulties it has a very pleasant and agreeable taste and flavor. It contains **positive diuretic** properties and will **not nauseate. Ladies especially will like it,** and **Gentlemen** will find KIDNEGEN the best Kidney Tonic ever used!

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REPRESENTED BY
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34 july4—dem sun wed fri

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146 oct1 d1aw4w&then eow 4t

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—ORDINARY's Office, October Term, 1880.—James G. McLin, guardian of the estate of Elizabeth J. Shields, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged his trust, and prays for letters of dismission:

All persons concerned are hereby notified to file their objections if any exist, on or before the first Monday in November next, else letters of dismission will be granted the applicant

DANIEL PITTMAN,
Ordinary.

600 oct6—d1aw4w

WALL ST. FORTUNES MADE IN STOCKS. $10 to $10,000 invested. Profits and Principal guaranteed Address WARD & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 55 Exchange Place, New York. oct26—d12t tues thur sat

ALFRED AUSTELL. Z. A. RICE.

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Rates for Storage: 25 cents a bale per month, and 25 cents per bale for selling. We respectfully solicit consignments.

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oct31—d3m sun wed fri

COTTON AND WEATHER.

COTTON, middling uplands, closed in Liverpool yesterday, at 6⅜; in New York, 11c; in Atlanta, 10⅝c.

THE signal Service Bureau report indicates for Georgia to-day, higher barometer, colder northerly winds, partly cloudy or cloudy weather with rain.

Daily Weather Report.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL CORPS, U. S. A.
KIMBALL HOUSE, November 16, 10:31, P. M.
All observations taken at the same moment of actual time.]

NAME OF STATION.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Humid'y Pret	WIND. Direction.	WIND. Force.	Rainfall.	Weather
Atlanta	30 27	51	68	N. W	Brisk	.00	Clear.
Augusta	30 27	48	78	W.	Gent	00	Fair.
Corsicana	30.5	0	47		Calm	00	Clear.
Galveston	3 .45	56	58	N. E	Fresh	.00	Clear.
Indianola							
Key West	3 .1	78	86	E.	Fresh	00	Fair.
Mobile				N	Brisk	.00	Cloudy.
Montrom	3 4	3	65	N. W.	Fresh	.00	Clear.
New Orleans	30.3	34	71	N	Fresh	00	Cloudy.
Pensacola	3 .31	38	72	N.	Fresh	.00	Cl'ng up
Savannah		57	84	N. W.	Light	00	Cloudy.

*100 per cent. being complete saturation.
NOTE—Force of Wind: Light, 1 to 2 miles per hour, inclusive; Gentle, 3 to 5, inclusive Fresh, 6 to 14, inclusive; Brisk, 15 to 29, inclusive High, 30 to 39, inclusive.

Local Weather Report.

ATLANTA, GA., November 16, 1880.

Time.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Humidity.	WIND. Direction.	WIND. Force.	Rainfall.	WEATHER
6:31 a m	3 .3	4	85	N. W	Fresh	.08	Light Rain.
10:31	0 2	1	5	N W.	Fresh	....	Cloudy.
2 p. m.	1 .2	2	63	N. W.	Fresh	....	Cloudy.
2.31	.26	44	60	N. W.	Fresh	†	Cloudy.
9 p. m		32	70	N. W.	Brisk	...	Clear.
10:31 "	1 27	31	6	N. W	Brisk	00	Clear.

†Not sufficient to measure.

Mean daily bar	30 2 5	Maximum ther	.50
Mean daily ther	38 2	Minimum ther	31
Mean daily humid	70 0	Total rainfall	08

H. HALL,
Sergeant Signal Corps U. S. A.

THOMAS CLOCKS, SILVER-PLATED WARE, CROCKERY AND WOOD WARE, LOOKING GLASSES LAMPS, SHOW CASES, CUTLERY NEW STYLES DINNER AND TEA SETS, TO THE TRADE AT MANUFACTURERS PRICES AT McBRIDE & CO.'S. We guarantee the saving in freight on the above goods to be a fair profit to Southern Merchants, and that our prices are as low as any in United States.
829 jan26 dly un we re] McBRIDE & CO

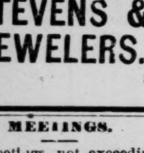
The Light-Running "DOMESTIC" Sewing Machine Is far superior to any other make known in the market. It will LAST LONGER. It does BETTER WORK. It RUNS EASIER. This IS GUARANTEED.
Southern Distributing Agency, 43 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.
000 mar18—dtf

BEWARE! ANOTHER ATTEMPT TO BULLDOZE. We Caution all Parties interested in the sale of Stewart Sewing Machines to DISREGARD
The constructive threats of the Singer Manufacturing Co., who are sending out copies of injunctions prohibiting the use of "Trade Mark" stands on the Stewart Machine, hoping, doubtless, to prevent the sale of the genuine Stewart Sewing Machine, a competition they are unable to cope with.
The Singer KNOW that no Stewart Machine was ever sold in the States of Georgia, Alabama, South Carolina, Florida or East Tennessee that in any way conflicted with any patent they ever owned.
We will protect and defend any dealer in the Stewart against the Singer and all others claiming any infringement of their patent rights by the Stewart Sewing Machine sold by us; and further do hereby unqualifiedly pronounce said circulation of said injunction to be in our belief a miserable trick, intended to damage us, and totally unnecessary for the protection of the Singer Company's rights, which we have never invaded in a single instance.
NOTICE.—The Singer Company KNOW that every Stewart Machine in the above mentioned States passes through our hands, and we have for years challenged them to meet us in law or equity, and yet they do not attempt it.
THEY DARE NOT.
Hence their misleading circulars, which are intended only to damage us. We shall prosecute all parties who willfully misrepresent us hereafter. FRED BELL & CO.
483 july27—d12m pre lo

We are offering now the largest stock of Watches, Precious Stones, Fine Jewelry, Silverware, etc., that has ever been exhibited in this city.
Call andinspect our display before purchasing elsewhere.
J. P. STEVENS & CO., JEWELERS.
nov14-d mar3-dly

MEETINGS.

[Notices of meetings, not exceeding ten lines, will be inserted under this head for one dollar.]



SATURDAY, Nov. 20th, 8 P. M. Regular Place — VERY IMPORTANT. Annual Meeting.
nov19—d2t fri sat

SIDEWALK NOTES.

—Only ten days more to register in.

—Fish and Oysters, fresh! at Emery's.

—Buy your winter Underwear of Scott.

—Ford's company will arrive in town today.

—New line of Ulsterett on noon train to-day at Scott's.

—C. M. McGhee, of Tennessee, is a guest of the Kimball.

—S. K. Johnson, superintendent of the Georgia railroad, is at the Kimball house.

—Colonel Lane, member from Bibb, has been suffering from a severe cold, but is out again.

—Jacob Brewer, a well known painter of this city, died at his home on Hayden street yesterday morning.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Crcratt of Brunswick, are in the city. They have the bridal chamber at the Kimball.

—Mrs. W. S Gilbert, the wife of Mr. W S. Gilbert, a Decatur merchant, died on Wednesday. She had been sick for some time.

—Dr. Brewer, the post surgeon who was carried from McPherson barracks a short time since to Washington city for treatment in an insane asylum, is dead.

—Cannot the versatile author of the "Wild Cat Hunt," and other charming stories for boys, originally appearing in the Athens Chronicle, give them to the public in book form.

—Learn the Centennial Lancers and the latest sensation, the Polo Quadrille, at Nichols's Dancing Academy, 3½ Whitehall street. nov19—d1t

Dis De Place What You Relish?

Yesterday a "colored man and brother" walked into the office of the clerk of council, and in a corkscrew tone of voice asked: "Is dis de place whar you relish?" Major Biggers, in that bland and affable style that carries everything before it like No 3's stream at a fire, answered: "Yes, sir; this is the place where you can register. We will be happy to serve you. Have you paid your state and county taxes?" Without hesitation, and with an air of unlimited confidence, the sable voter responded: "I've been conupted and am resumpt!" "I should smile," said the urbane and obese Fulton, and the voter was duly enrolled.

THOMAS W. KEENE, TRAGEDIAN.

Hon. Henry Watterson's Opinion of the Great Actor.

Louisville Courier-Journal, October 27.

MR. KEENE'S "RICHELIEU."

The foremost drama of to-day in the English tongue is "Richelieu." As a dramatic conception it is fit to rank with Shakespearean creations. However history may have been misrepresented, there is nothing about the stage Richelieu which is abhorrent to human nature. The cardinal's craft is regulated by patriotism, just as his patriotism is sped by craft. He is placed before the stage as one who always has a law for his extreme measures, and yet he is not the cold spirit of the law. Surrounded by ambitious and desperate men, he overwhelms their ambition by his own, and he meets their boldness with a cunning which has been schooled in the intrigue of the times. Richelieu loves power essentially for itself, but he never wields it to the detriment of his country. He is a sublime old man, who has the moral courage to despise the sword, though, when occasion prompts, he does not hesitate to use it. The figure of justice is the one he has set high upon a pedestal. He is relentless to his enemies, but he is, withal, a grimly kind old fellow with those whom he loves Though animated by law, he has the genius which rises superior to it. He has the soul to defy murderers, favorites, even the king himself. A genial, old cynic of a man who distrusts most of his fellows, but who is capable of heroic acts himself and admires them in others There is, moreover, that fire within him which neither age nor infirmities can quench, and behind it all is the sublime, unwavering confidence in the star of Armand Richelieu

Mr Keene was greeted by another large and enthusiastic house last night. After so intelligent and masterly an impersonation of Richard the night before, his advent in the greatest of modern English dramas was awaited with sharp interest. The most serious, the most statesmanlike of all the Richeliens appeared last night in Mr Keene's impersonation, which was in all respects a great, and, in many respects, an original rendition of the piece. It deserves to rank alongside the classic interpretations of the elder actors. The cardinal's entrance upon the stage is natural rather than dramatic. He is in high good humor, and it is with grim delight that he plans the downfall of Baradas and sees the way to checkmate the weak Louis by marrying his niece Julia to De Mauprat. What a shrewd old busybody it is to know De Mauprat's debts to a fractional. Again, he is a dry humorist, and even when the young Frenchman is about to marry his niece, he tortures him with the idea that he goes to meet his death instead of a bride. Afterward, when De Mauprat comes in to kill him, thinking that he is the silly dupe of the cardinal, does he express any fear? No; he grandly tells his armed foe that he lies. As this the young man thinks to strike terror into Richelieu's heart by revealing himself But the minister at this sees still less reason to fear, and as he tells De Mauprat to crawl for pardon, the actor struck the first fire of enthusiasm It is when the play gets into the thick of the plot of Baradas to secure Julia that the greatness of Richelieu is displayed. It is here that a great actor is required. It is here that Mr. Keene showed himself a great actor. There is no finer test of an actor's ability than the curse scene. Mr. Booth's curse is most intensely terrible; McCullough's is grandly rhetorical; Mr. Keene's partook somewhat of the nature of both and yet it was his own. In his deliverance of the lines, his passion seemed with each word to dilate and expand with deadly venom, and it was almost a marvel that Baradas did not shrivel up when saluted with such a curse. The climax of the anathem was a sublime burst of passion. Mr. Keene sustains the lines with more ease probably than any actor on the stage. He has the faculty of determining, as if by instinct, the value of his words. He apparently needs no preparation to deliver his most effective climaxes. He grappled with the curse last night as one confident in his powers, and a nicer adjustment of the various degrees of passionate elocution could hardly be conceived of. It is seldom that such instantaneous enthusiasm is kindled as that which followed But this is not all. Mr. Keene, twice or more before the curtains fell, did some splendid declamation, showing how complete is his mastery over his voice. While the excitement is still on him he threatens Baradas with the ax, in a pithy, fang like climax In the last act Mr. Keene's quiet finish contrasted well with the swelling, debilitating passion of the former scene. He was to the life, one might almost say, to the death, the weak old man, consumed by inward fire, yet still hoping that all would yet be well

The objection that will be urged probably to Mr. Keene's Richelieu is that it is too robust. As far as the acting of bodily weakness is concerned, there is certainly no ground for the objection. With the exception of the dramatic bursts and the catch sentences, his voice is in perfect keeping with an old man's. Even when he does give way to the temptation to use his splendid voice in its might it is pardonable, when the dramatic circumstances are considered. Mr. Keene's conception is more than intelligent; it is instinct with divine fire, and replete with careful art. He shows extraordinary adaptability to the requirements of the part.

GATE CITY GUARD NOTES.

—The ladies who took part in the fair can see their booths pictured in Frank Leslies for last week.

—All the articles that were not raffled at the Gate City Guard fair will be drawn for Wednesday night at the armory. 74 Peachtree street, and the fortunate numbers published.

—Commissioner Fontaine says that a gentleman from western New York came to the soldier's reunion at Atlanta and returned with such a glowing account of our industry and prosperity that nearly one hundred families from his section have decided to emigrate to Georgia In fact, many of them, Mr. Fontaine is informed, have already begun their preparations. This is what we want. Let us drop politics.

Dr. Andrew Young.

The reading of the above name will be familiar to the people of Union and the surrounding counties in Georgia. Blairsville will remember her old citizen, though now a resident of Cleburn, Texas. During the war the doctor commanded the 11th Georgia cavalry, and suffers from wounds received during the struggle. Immediately after the close of the war the doctor went to, and settled in Cleburn, Texas He landed in the little settlement of a few families, with a fortune of three dollars. Now Cleburn has a population of 3 500 and the doctor has a good home and a competency for life for himself and family. His county votes 4,000, and not a republican vote. Though he retains a strong attachment for old Georgia, the doctor loves Texas, thinks it a good county for steady, industrious young men who are without land.

Dr. Young is an uncle of Mr. Talmadge, the present mayor of Athens. During the political excitement in Texas, he was an elector for the state at large on the greenback ticket Before the war, and while a resident of Union county, Dr. Young frequently served his county in both branches of the legislature. In Texas, his worth is known, and his name is becoming prominent for congress in his section. His old Georgia friends would be gratified to see him a member of the national council.

The Atlanta Convocation.

After the celebration of holy communion at St. Phillip's church yesterday morning the convocation was called to order. Bishop Beckwith presided. There was a full attendance of the clergy. The principal business of the session was the election of a dean and Rev W. C. Williams, D D., rector of St. Luke's church, was unanimously re-elected to the position. Last night Rev. Mr. Pinkerton, of St. James' church, Marietta, delivered the sermon.

Holy communion will be celebrated this morning at 9:30 o'clock, after which the business of the convocation will be resumed. The music which is furnished during the exercises by the evening choir of male voices, and particularly that of Mr. Samuel Bradley, the organist, is highly complimented.

Another New Citizen.

Yesterday a reporter of THE CONSTITUTION who had dropped in at the office of Dr Gatchell, 27½ Whitehall street, had the pleasure of meeting Dr. A. D. Bellamy, who has lately moved to Atlanta from Grand Rapids, Michigan. Dr. Bellamy was enjoying a lucrative practice at Grand Rapids, but was forced to seek a southern climate on account of his health. He is much pleased with Atlanta, and will remain here, making his office with Dr. Gatchell. He comes to the city highly indorsed both as a practitioner of skill and a gentleman of high social worth. We trust his stay among us will be pleasant.

A Nice Treat.

Last night THE CONSTITUTION news room was the recipient of an elegant bowl of punch sent up by the Arcade, that gem of a saloon just opened near Thompson's restaurant. The punch was all that could be desired and was duly appreciated by the boys who lingered around the stone where the bowl was empty gaily singing:

"We never miss the punch
Till the bowl goes dry "

A Hundred-Dollar Cloud.

Sallie Cloud was yesterday before Judge Tanner upon a warrant charging her with disturbing public worship.

It was alleged that Sallie became angered at Mt Zion church, and on Friday night attempted to break up the services by stoning the house. The prosecution made good the charge and Sallie was required to give a hundred-dollar bond.

New Cloaks for Ladies and Children,
New Winter Underwear for Ladies, Gents' and Children,
New Carpets, Oil Cloths, Etc.,
JUST RECEIVED
AT
Chamberlin, Boynton & Co.'s.

THE COURTS.

Supreme Court.

ATLANTA, November 18, 1880.

Augusta circuit	20	Eastern circuit	11
Middle circuit	10	Northern circuit	7
Ocmulgee circuit	11	Atlanta circuit	26
Brunswick circuit	8		

AUGUSTA CIRCUIT.

No. 8. Argument concluded.
No. 10. Tant et al. vs. Wigfall. Complaint for land, from Richmond. 8 Warren Mays, for plaintiffs in error. H. C. Foster; J. S. Hook, for defendant.
Pending the argument of Mr. Mays, court adjourned until 9 a.m. to-morrow.

Fulton Superior Court.

JUDGES GEORGE HILLYER, A. S. ERWIN AND E. H. POTTLE, PRESIDING.

Yesterday witnessed another dual session of Fulton superior court. Judge Hillyer presided over one branch. Over the other Judge Erwin presided until noon, and Judge Pottle the remainder of the day.

Mr. Rivers sued the Central railroad and banking company for damages sustained by himself and mules running off Nelson street bridge Mr Rivers is 73 years old. He claimed $1 000 damages The jury found a verdict in his favor for $450

Verdicts and judgments for plaintiff were rendered in the following cases:

Jennings vs. Ashley.
Fecht & Co. vs. Howell.

The case of Williams vs. Lester dismissed

In the case of Jackson vs Smith the court found the property subject.

The cases of the Manhattan fire insurance company vs. the Petersburg saving and insurance company and Mr H. C. Egleston vs. Francis Doonan occupied the evening.

Commissioner's Court.

United States Commissioner W. B Smith was busy moving yesterday to Marietta street, in the Bell building He has gone up higher and bears his elevation well

That Difficulty at Gammage's.

Estes who was so badly injured in the difficulty Saturday night last at Gammage's store, is much better than could have reasonably been expected, and will, his physician says, soon be able to be out. His wounds are healing rapidly and his good physique has enabled him to come rapidly through injuries which would have proved fatal to many a man. Mr. Gammage also is about well

Since the difficulty Lem Rattaree has been arrested and jailed, and although vigilant search has been made for Kelly and the other one they have succeeded in eluding the officers so far.

Throwing Stones.

Mrs Chaney was yesterday before Judge Rhea upon a warrant charging her with assault and battery. The warrant was sworn out by a Mrs. Woodruff who said that Mrs. Chaney had stonned her upon several occasions as she was passing along Magazine street.

Before a conclusion was reached a compromise was affected and the case dismissed.

Larceny After Trust.

In Judge Rhea's court yesterday Mark Stephenson plead not guilty to the charge of larceny after trust.

The testimony adduced indicated that the defendant had wrongfully disposed of goods which had been consigned to him and that he had not paid for the same.

The court was of the opinion that the defendant was guilty, and required a bond for one hundred dollars

St. Paul's Anniversary.

The anniversary exercises of St. Paul's Sunday School will take place Sunday week, commencing at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Several addresses are expected, and among the speakers Major Slaton, Mr. W. A. Haygood and B L Brooks are looked for. A most enjoyable occasion is expected.

Register! Register!!

Attention is again called to the fact that it is necessary to register your names on the registration books, in the city clerk's office, in order to vote in the ensuing municipal election. Persons who wish to register had better go up at once and avoid the crowd and consequent delay during the last few days.

Remember the place—city clerk's office, in the city hall building.

The Naiad Queen.

To-night the "Naiad Queen" will be presented at the opera house by Ford's select company. It is one of the most beautiful spectacular dramas on the stage, and is in all respects delicate and refined. It will have a fine attendance this evening.

—Prof Nichols's Soiree to-night at Centennial Hall. nov19—d1t

—We are cutting hogs to-day, the third day's cutting, at 52 Broad street. Come and get Ribs, Back bones, Brains, etc., etc.
SAWTELL, HUDSON & Co.
nov19—d1t

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, November 18, 1880.

EXCHANGE—
Buying at ....par | Selling............¼ prem

BONDS—			
Georgia 6s	107@109	Macon City	96@ 98
Georgia 7s	110@112	Columbus City	8 @ 85
Ga. 7s gold	111@113	Ga. R. R. 6s	103@105
Georgia 8s	114@115	Central R. R. 7s	113@115
Western R.R. of Ala. 1st m'tge	111@118	W. & A. RR. Lessees; 10 per ct. income bonds	115@120
Atlanta 6s	100@102		
Atlanta W't'r 7s	107@109	Ala. Class A 2 to 5	70@ 72
Atlanta City 7s	106@108		
Atlanta City 8s	111@113	do. Class A small	70@ 72
Atlanta 10s	114@116	do. Class B 5s	92@ 95
Augusta City 7s	104@106	do. Class C 2 to 5	79@ 81
Sav. City 5s, new	85@ 87		
STOCKS—			
Georgia R. R.	114@116	South Wes R.R.	108@110
Central R. R.	105@107	Atlanta St. R.R.	102@105
A. & W. P. R. R.	120@122		

We quote long dates: short dates are lower.

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK, November 18 — Noon — Stocks strong. Money 3@4. Exchange—long $4.80; short $4.82 Governments dull. State Bonds quiet.

Evening.—Money 3@6 Exchange $4.80¾ Governments strong; new fives 101¾; four and a half per cents 112¼; four per cents 111⅝. State Bonds dull.

Stocks closed strong and improved.

Georgia 6s	106	Michigan Central	110
Georgia 7s mortg'e	10½	St. Paul	104⅞
do do gold	113	Preferred	118
Louisiana consols	50⅝	Delaware & Lack	99
North Carolina	31	N Jersey Central	79½
N Carolina new	19	Reading	4 ⅜
Funding	11	Ohio & Miss	36⅞
Special tax	3	Mobile & Ohio	22¼
Tennessee	50	Hannibal & St Joe	42⅞
Tennessee new	45	Union Pacific	96⅛
Virginia 6s	25	Houston & Texas	78
Virginia new	25	Pacific Mail	46¼
Consolidated	95	Adams Express	119
Deferred	12¼	Wells & Fargo	112
Panama	202	American	65
Fort Wayne	124	United States	52
Chicago & Alton	148	Consolidated coal	33
Harlem	195	Quicksilver	12
N. Y. Central	142	Chicago & N. W	114¾
Erie	44	do. Preferred	140
Lake Shore	116⅛	Wab., St L. & Pac.	42⅝
Illinois Central	118⅝	do. Preferred	77¼
N. C. & St. L	73½	Mem. & Char.	40⅞
Lou & Nash	86	Rock Island	12
Pittsb'g F.W. & C	124	Western Union	97⅝
BONDS—			
Ala. Class A to 5	69	Ala. Class B 5s	90
do. Class A small	70½	do. Class C 2 to 5	77
Sub-treasury balances:			
Gold	$ 72 233.936	Currency	$ 4,423.532

LONDON, November 18.—1:30 p m — Consols — Money 99 14-16 account 99 15-16; Erie 45½ Specie decrease £ 71,000.

BERLIN, November 18—Specie increase 2,640,000 marks.

PARIS, November 18—1:30 p.m.—Rentes 85f. 35c.

THE COTTON MARKET.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta. November 18, 1880.

New York—The cotton market opened strong with the future months 5@10 points above yesterday's closing figures. During the day a firm tone prevailed, and the advance which continued until the close was sufficient to place the market considerably above opening quotations. In consequence of the animated feeling that characterized the market to-day, an unusual degree of excitement was manifested by speculators With considerable anxiety the whole country has witnessed the coming of a more spirited market, and the change seems to have revolutionized the current of general opinion. However, we venture no prediction. The long continued dullness of the past months has overwhelmed us with fear, and while it is hoped that the future may result in much good and higher prices, still the present buoyancy of the market may be of short duration. At the close futures were steady and about 1@13 points above yesterday's closing figures. The spot market opened quiet but developed a firmer feeling early in the day At noon the market advanced 1-16c; tone quiet and firm. At the close cotton was firm; middling 11c. Net receipt for five days amount to 19,439 bales; export 91,511 bales; stock 836,841 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York to-day:

OPENED.		CLOSED.	
November	10.92@10 94	November	10 95@10 97
December	10.88@10 89	December	10 9 @10 97
January	10.98@10 99	January	11 07@
February	11 12@11 13	February	11 21@
March	11.27@11.28	March	11.3 @
April	11.42@11 43	April	11 49@
May	11.54@11 55	May	11.61@1 62
June	11.65@1 67	June	11.72@11.73
July	11.7 @ 1.74	July	11.79@11.81

Closed steady; sales 17 ,000 bales.

Liverpool—Futures closed steady. Spots—Uplands 6⅜d; Orleans 6⅝d; sales to day 12 000 bales, of which 0,000 bales were American; receipts 9 000; America 8,500

The local cotton market has been alive with excitement to-day. The stiffening up of the New York market has aroused a kindred feeling here, and cotton has been in active demand at higher figures. Early in the day price began to rise and by the close the market had advanced fully ¼c. The tone shows considerable firmness and higher prices are predicted for to-morrow. The exchange reports quite a brisk trade, and business here is in a booming condition. Our receipts to-day amount to 48 bales, of which 357 bales were received from wagons. At the close spots were held at the following figures Good middling 10⅝c; middling 1 ½c; low middling 9⅞c; good ordinary 9¼c; storm and stains 8½@9½c.

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments for to-day:

RECEIPTS.

By wagon	357
Air Line Railroad	111
Georgia Railroad	87
Central Railroad	115
Western and Atlantic Railroad	135
West Point Railroad	43
Total	848
Receipts previously	69,897
Total	70,745
Stock Sept. 1	1,782
Grand total	72,527

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments to-day	1,633
Shipments previously	51,765
By local consumption previously	671
Total	54,070
Stock on hand	18,457

The following is our comparative table:

Receipts two days	2,346
Same days last year	2,1 6
Showing an increase of	1 0
Receipts since September 1, 1880	70 74
Same time in 18 9	7,028
Showing an increase of	13.717

SHIPMENTS.

Shipments since September 1	54.070
Same time last year	4 ,783
Showing an increase of	9,287

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, November 18. —noon—Cotton in good demand and freely met at previous prices uplands 6⅜; Orleans 6⅝; receipts 9,100 bales; American 8,500; sales 12,000; speculation and export 2,000; futures uplands low middling clause November delivery 6 11 32 November and December delivery 6 5 16; January and February delivery 6 1-32; February and March delivery 6 11-32; March and April delivery 6 33., May and June delivery 6½; futures opened firm.

LIVERPOOL. November 18.—1:30 p. m—Middling uplands 6⅜; Orleans 6⅝; low middling uplands 6¼; good ordinary uplands 5¾, ordinary uplands ⅜.

LIVERPOOL. November 18.—4:30 p. m.—Sales of American 10,000; uplands low middling clause November delivery 6⅜; November and December delivery 6 11-8 ; December and January delivery 6 11-32 February and March delivery 6⅜; April and May delivery 6 1-32.

LIVERPOOL. November 18.— 5:15 p. m.—Futures closed steady.

The following table shows the price, movement, etc., of cotton in the principal markets for to-day November 18:

MARKETS.	GRADE. Midd'ing uplands.	GRADE. Low middling	GRADE. Good ordinary	RECEIPTS. Net.	RECEIPTS. Gross.	SALES	STOCK	EXPORTS. To Great Britain	EXPORTS. To France.	EXPORTS. To continent	EXPORTS. Coastwise.	Shipments.	TONE.
New York	11			4221		1592	84430	44		4111			Firm.
Galveston	1 ¾	10	9¼	5059		1507	68 9			14½	2199		Steady.
Norfolk	10⅝			169	3 5	1 41							Firm.
Baltimore	11⅛	10¼	9⅝	63	1682	1560	814				60		Firm.
Boston	11½	10⅝	9¾	139			367						Steady.
Wilmington	10⅞	10	9⅝				2457						Steady.
Philadelphia	11⅛	10	9¼	80	374		77 5						Dull.
Savannah	10⅞	10 ¾	9⅝	5638	6083	683	12 733	3 18		2 9	6678		Steady and firm.
New Orleans	10⅞	1 ⅛		9001	11018	455	225181						Firm and in good demand.
Mobile	10⅝	10	9	3374	3374	14 00	3 72				1577		Firm and held higher.
Memphis	10⅝			39 6		2000	61985					1927	Firm.
Augusta	10¾	1 ¾	8⅞	142		175							Firm.
Charleston	1 ¾	10⅞	10	4190		1630	12200				947		Firmer.
						4000							

Consolidated net receipts 34,094.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, Atlanta, November 18, 1880

The following are the opening and closing quotations of wheat, corn, clear rib sides, mess pork and lard in Chicago to-day: Wheat—November opened 10 ¾, closed 107½; December opened 10 ½, closed 108 January opened 108½, closed 1 9 Clear Rib Sides— November opened 6.90, closed 6.95; December opened and closed —. Mess Pork — November opened $ 2 3 , closed $12.35; January opened $13 65 closed $13.80.

Flour, Grain and Meat.

ATLANTA, November 18 Flour—Firm and of decidedly upward tendency; we quote as follows: fancy $6.5 @ 6 75; extra family $6 25@6.50; family $6. 0@$6 25. Wheat—Chicago—Tone continues firm and prices are steadily advancing; November closed $1 07¾; December $ .08; January $1.09—thus showing a considerable gain over yesterday's closing figures. The local spot market is firm and unsettled; for No 2 $1.28@$1 30 is demand, and for No. 3 1.24@1.25 is as low as it can be had. The market strongly indicates higher prices. Good grades of wheat is in good demand. Corn—New 58@59c; in fair demand; old 70c; yellow 68. Oats—60c. Meal—68c steady. Grits—$4.25.

CHICAGO, November 18—Flour in good demand at full prices: spring superfine $2 00@$3.50. Minnesota patents $5.75@$7.75. Wheat active, firm, higher and rather excited; No. 2 Chicago spring $1.0 ¾@$1.0½ cash; $1.08¾ $1.08⅝ December; $1.09¼ January; in the afternoon advanced ¼c. Corn strong and higher; 42¾ cash; 42⅝@43⅞ January. Oats active, firm and higher; 31⅝@31¾ cash; 32¼ January.

NEW YORK, November 18—Flour, southern firm with a moderate trade; common to fair extra $5 10@$5 60; good to choice extra $5 65@$7.00. Wheat fully 1c better and strong with active trading; ungraded red $1 16@ 1 25 Corn ⅜@ ½c better and active; ungraded 58¾@59 Oats about ½c better; No. 3 4 ¾@41¾. Pork quiet, firm and in good demand; choice yearlings 16@23

ST. LOUIS, November 18 — Flour stronger: double extra $4 70@$3 85; choice to fancy $5 00@ $5.20 Wheat active. closed higher: No. 2 red fall $1.04⅞@ 1 04⅝ cash; $1 0 November; $1 06⅝@ $1.06 ¾ December. Corn higher; 41⅜ cash; 42¾ @43 December and January. Oats higher; 32@ 32⅛ cash; 33⅛ December.

CINCINNATI, November 18—Flour strong. family $5 00@$5 3; fancy $5.5 @$6 20. Wheat scarce and firm; amber $1.07 Corn unsettled and generally higher No. 2 mixed 52½@53. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed 3 @ 4.

LOUISVILLE, November 18—Flour firm; extra family $4.00@$4 50. a No. 1 $4.75@$5.00; choice to fancy $5.7 @$6 25 Wheat steady at 98@$1.00 Corn in fair demand; No 2 white 46. Oats firm No. 2 white 36.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, November 18.—Business is active sugars firm at former prices. Coffee quiet at 14½ @18½c. Roasted Coffees—Old government Java 28@32; best Rio 20; choice 18. Sugars—The market is steady; standard A 10¼; granulated 10½; cut loaf 11¼; powdered 11¾ white extra C 9¾; N. O. sugars are now coming in: off white 9¾@10c: this is the only grade on market. Molasses—Blackstrap, bbls 25; tierces 6 barrels 2; Syrup—Market is bare of New Orleans syrup refined 40@65 Teas—Oolong 35@60; Japan @$1.00; Imperial and Gunpowder 40@80; Young Hyson 27@75; English Breakfast 35@75. Pepper quiet at 18: allspice, best sifted, 20 cinnamon 30; saigon 55; cloves 60; African ginger 10; mace $1.25; nutmegs $1.20@$1.25; mustard best; 40; medium 1 @25; Crackers — milk 7½c; Boston butter 7½@7½c; pearl oyster 7c soda XX 5; soda XXX 5½; cream 7; lemon 7; molasses cakes 8; ginger snaps 7 Candy—Assorted stick 12½. Mackerel—Bbls $6.5 ; ½ bbls $3.50; kits, 12 lbs 70; 10 lbs 55; the market is firm. Soap—$2.50@$7.00 per 100 cakes Candles—L. W 12½ per lb. Matches—Parlor $2.85: sulphur $2.8 Soda in kegs 4½c; in boxes 6c. Rice—Stocks ample; fair 6½ good 6¾ prime 6

Provisions.

ATLANTA, November 18 – Clear Rib Sides—8¼c; steady. Mess Pork—Chicago—The market ruled steady, and fluctuations were of a moderate character. The inclination of the market is upwards Hog receipts to-day 61,000, which are the heaviest receipts of the season. Bacon—Steady; shoulders 6c; sugar-cured hams 10@11½, owing to size; breakfast bacon 1@11½c. Lard—Steady: tierce, leaf, 9½c; tierces, refined 9⅝c cans and buckets 10c.

NEW YORK, November 18 –Pork dull: prices without quotable change at $14.50. Middles unchanged: long clear 6¾. Lard about 5c better and active at 8.75@8.80.

LOUISVILLE, November 18—Pork steady at $14 50. Lard firm steam nominal. Bulk meats steady: clear ribs 7 8 . Bacon in fair demand; clear ribs 8⅞. sugar-cured hams 10.

ST. LOUIS, November 18—Pork, more doing; jobbing at $13.25. Lard steady at 8 05. Bulk meats lower; shoulders 4.0 @4 0 clear sides 7@ .10. Bacon dull; clear sides 8 30@8.35.

CINCINNATI, November 18— Pork dull at $13.00. Lard active. firm and higher at 8.1 ½@ 8.20. Bulk meats quiet; shoulders 4¾. Bacon quiet; clear ribs 7.8 .

CHICAGO, November 18—Pork active, firm and higher at $13.00@$13 50. Lard strong and higher at 8.17½@8 20. Bulk meats steady, shoulders 4.60; short clear 7.20.

Wines, Liquors, Etc.

ATLANTA, November 18.—The market remains very steady. Prices are lower for new peach and apple brandy, though old stocks are firm. The following prices are current to-day: Corn whisky, rectified $1.00@$1.40; rye, rectified $1.10@$1.50; rye and Bourbon medium $1.50@$2.00; rum, rectified, $1.25@$1.75; New England $1.75@$2.00; St. Croix $4.00; Jamaica $3.50@$4.00; gin domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $3.00@$4.50; Cognac brandy domestic $1.50@$2.50; imported $5.00@$8.00; copper distilled corn whisky, Georgia made, $1.75; apple and peach brandy $2.00@$3.00: cherry and ginger brandy $1.00@$1.50; port wine $1.50@$6.00, owing to quality; sherry $1.50@$6.00; catawba $1.25@ 1.75: scuppernong $1.00@$1.25.

CINCINNATI, November 18—Whisky in good demand and tending upwards at $1.09.

LOUISVILLE, November 18–Whisky higher at $1.10.

ST. LOUIS, November 18.—Whisky steady at $1.10.

CHICAGO, November 18 Whisky steady at $1.11

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, November 18.—The market is active Eggs—20@22½c firm and scarce. Butter—Stocks ample and receipts heavy: choice 22@25c medium 1 @ 0c; common 15 a 8c. Poultry—The market is with both live and dressed poultry: live poultry is dull and prices are marked down; chickens range from 12@17c: hens 18@20c Dressed chicken 9@10c, and a few sales have been made at 8c: turkeys 11c. Irish Potatoes — Choice $2.00@$2.50 Dried Fruit—very light demand: stocks are small and receipts light; apples dull at 2@3½c; peeled peaches 10@13 c unpeeled 4½ Wax—Dull at 20c. Onions—Choice eastern $4. 0 Cabbage —Stocks ample at present; prices range from 2@ ½c. Feathers—Choice white geese 40@ 5c; prime 40@ 45c; common mixed 20@35c. Cheese—13 @15½.

HIRSCH BROS.,
Popular Clothiers
AND TAILORS,
42 and 44 Whitehall Street,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
231 sep12—dly un cham boy & co

BLANKETS!
BLANKETS!
Bargains in Blankets at JOHN KEELY'S.
10-4 White Blankets $2.50 pair, worth $3 75, at JOHN KEELY'S.
1,000 Bed Comforters, half price, at JOHN KEELY'S.
Flannels cheap at JOHN KEELY'S.
Good warm Shawls, half price, at JOHN KEELYS'.
Blankets! Blankets! Great Bargains in Blankets at JOHN KEELY'S.
Bed Comforts in every grade from $1.00 each at
John Keely's
OVERCOATS
WAY DOWN LOW.
The Famous N. Y. Clothing House, 7 Whitehall Street, having an overstock in Overcoats make the following reductions, so as not to keep them over till next season:
Our $25.00 Overcoats, Satin lined, to $20.00.
Our $22.00 Overcoats, Reversibles, to $18.00,
Our $20.00 Overcoats, Chinchilla and Diagonal, to $15.
Our $16.00 Overcoats and Ulsteret, to $12.00.
Our $12.00 Overcoats, Chinchilla and Beavor, to $9.00.
Our $8.00 Overcoats to $5.
A good Boy's School Overcoat for $2,00. Also, a large assortment of Boys' Ulsterets at marked down prices.
nov17—d3t wed fri sun

New Cloaks for Ladies and Misses, just opened, at half price at
JOHN KEELY'S
New Ties for Ladies wear just opened at
JOHN KEELY'S!
New Corsets, a superb line just opened at
JOHN KEELY'S!
New line Ladies, Misses and Children's Shoes just opened at
JOHN KEELY'S!
New Dolmans, by the hundred, at half price, just opened at
JOHN KEELY'S!
New Torchon and Val. Edgings just opened at
JOHN KEELY'S
New Misses Cloaks, half price, just opened at
John Keely's
New Hosiery and Gloves just opened at
JOHN KEELY'S
No Shoddy Shoes, none but the best Shoes admitted into the stock at
John Keely's!
Bargains in every Department just opened at
John Keely's!

—Prompt attention to business and low prices will win. This is the motto of Traynham, Geise & Ray, manufacturers of Doors, Sash and Blinds.
220 oct10—d3m

Lumber, Laths, Shingles, Mouldings Brackets, Balusters, Stair Rails, Newels and Mantels, at Traynham, Geise & Ray's, 6
220 oct10—d3m

WURZBURG'S BAZAR,
54 Whitehall Street.
The Largest Stock—the Greatest Variety—the Latest Novelties—the Lowest Prices—in
Millinery and Fancy Goods.
All the latest novelties in Trimmed Hats and Bonnets at greatly reduced prices.
Untrimmed Hats in all shapes.
Real French Fur Beaver Hats at 50 per cent les than sold elsewhere.
Silks, Satins, Ribbons, Velvets, Plushes, Feathers, and Flowers, and all Millinery Goods at
Lower Prices than Any Other House
WURZBURG'S BAZAR
54 WHITEHALL STREET.
Our real Paris Kid Gloves, 3-buttons, in all colors, only $1, equals any Glove sold a nearly double the price We give a new pair for all that rip or tear.
A large lot of good Kid Gloves in 3-buttons only 35 cents.
WURZBURG'S BAZAR
Extraordinary Reductions.
Closing out entire balance of our Ladies' Underwear to make room for our Picture Frame Department. The biggest bargains in
LADIES' UNDERWEAR
Ever offered in the city.
Hosiery, Corsets, Hankerchiefs, Fringes, and Dress Trimmings.
Large assortment. Popular prices.
WURZBURG'S BAZAR
JAPANESE GOODS
We have now in stock the largest assortment south of New York of Japanese Lacquer Ware, including
Brackets, Card Receivers, Cabinets, Handkerchief and Glove Boxes, Trays, Etc., Etc.
We will guarantee you a saving of 50 per cent on every article in this department.
WURZBURG'S BAZAR
Frame Manufactory.
We have now on hand and make to order every style of Picture Frames, including all sizes in
Engraved Ebony, Walnut, Gold and Velvet Frames.
At astonishingly low prices. Also, Novelties in Easels and Standing Frames, our own designs.
As we manufacture all our Frames, we can sell you a single frame at wholesale prices. Call and examine our designs and prices.
For bargains in every style of Millinery and Fancy Goods, go to
THE BAZAR,
54 Whitehall St.

Kendrick, Carter & Eckford
EXCLUSIVE DEALERS IN
CARPETS,
OIL-CLOTHS, MATTINGS, WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES, and General Interior House Decorations. Lambrequins, Cornice and Lace Curtains, in the latest and most artistic designs.
New and original colorings in Tapestry Brussels, Body Brussels, and EXTRA SUPER INGRAINS.
A New House and a Magnificent Stock.
KENDRICK, CARTER & ECKFORD,
299 aug27 d3m—top 7th&8th col 50 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.

A. & S. ROSENFELD
RESPECTFULLY CALL ATTENTION TO THEIR LARGE STOCK OF
MEN'S, YOUTHS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING.
We call particular attention to our large assortment of
OVERCOATS
CONSISTING OF BEAVER, FANCY, BLACK AND
REVERSIBLES.
Those that are in need of Clothing and Underwear, would do well to give us a trial before purchasing
742 oct1 d3m 4thp

A. G. ROULSTONE WITH
STIX, KROUSE & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CLOTHING,
And Wholesale Dealers in CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and TAILORS' TRIMMINGS
135 RACE STREET, BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH,
nov12 d1m CINCINNATI, O.



JOHN RYAN
SHOES! SHOES!! SHOES!!
To-day I will offer one of the largest and best selected stocks of
SHOES!
ever shown to the
SOUTHERN PUBLIC.
I have just received a large stock of the finest goods made, and will place
RARE INDUCEMENTS
Before my customers to-day.
ZEIGLER'S BEST,
At prices less than they cost the manufacturer.
Burt's Most Stylish
—AT EQUALLY—
LOW FIGURES.
In fact, I am now enabled to give the best brands at prices hererofore paid for the most common
SHOES.
—MEN'S—
Fine Shoe
—A SPECIALTY.—
Men's Boots at $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $5 00 and upwards.
Ladies' Fine Kid Button Shoes at $2 00.
—THIS IS THE—
CHEAPEST SHOE
—IN GEORGIA.—
Ladies' Fine Button Shoes at $1.25 and upwards.
Misses' and Children's School
SHOES.
At 75 cents and upwards.
Call early and secure a bargain.
JOHN RYAN

A. F. PICKERT
Southern Headquarters for the Meriden Britannia Co. Electro-Silver-Plated Ware, at
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
A COMPLETE STOCK OF
DIAMONDS, WATCHES, CLOCKS, BRONZES, AND FINE JEWELRY.
AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
A. F. PICKERT,
oct31—dtf No. 5 Whitehall street.

When you want the worth of your money go to Traynham, Geise & Ray's, 68 Decatur street, and buy your doors, sash and blinds.
220 oct10—d3m

When you want Builder's Hardware Paints, Oils, Putty and Glass send to Traynham, Geise & Ray, 68 Decatur street.
220 oct10—d3m

Read This.
No more complaint and trouble about your wood being too long, as Wilson & Bro cut all their wood by machinery, and have any length you call for. Be sure you buy of them.
nov17-5t W S. WILSON & BRO.

ESTABLISHED 1812.
CLARK'S TRADE O.N.T. MARK SPOOL COTTON.
(WOUND ON WHITE SPOOLS.)
THIS SPOOL COTTON IS NOW UNIVERSALLY admitted to be the standard Sewing Thread of the World It is the Strongest and Smoothest Thread made and contains an Elasticity which is invaluable to Machine Operators It is finished perfectly soft and contains no artificial polish to injure the Thread The Black and Colors are the most brilliant ever produced in Spool Cotton It has taken the highest awards at all the Great World's Fairs since, the first held in London in 1851, down to that held in Paris in 1878, where O. N. T. was awarded the GOLD MEDAL for Great Strength and General Excellence.
It has taken the Premium at every State Fair where it has been exhibited.
It has just been awarded the Medal of Progress, over all competitors, at the Great Fair just closed in San Francisco, California It has also just been awarded the SILVER MEDAL (being the highest and only premium given for Spool Cotton) at the ATLANTA FAIR, ending October 23d, 1880.
A full assortment of this Celebrated Thread can now be had at Wholesale and Retail at
JOHN KEELY'S,
And at Wholesale at
MOORE, MARSH & CO.
M. C. & J. F. KISER & CO.,
AUSTELL & MANGUM.
705 oct26—dtf 4thp

LAW CARDS.

S. A. REID, ATTORNEY AT LAW, EATONTON, GEORGIA. Collections will receive prompt attention.
610 oct23—d6m

H. H. CARLTON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, ATHENS, GEORGIA. Will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care.
oct17—d6m

HENRY JACKSON, J. H. LUMPKIN, Reporter of Supreme Court.
JACKSON & LUMPKIN, ATTORNEYS AT LAW ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
Will practice in the United States and State Courts. Special attention given to business before the Supreme Court
522 apr25—dly

J. S. ESTES. CLAUD ESTES
J. S. ESTES & SON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, GAINESVILLE, GEORGIA.
Practice in the Courts of the Western Circuit, in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and elsewhere when specially retained.
300 nov22—dtf

E. N. BROYLES. ALEX. S. JONES
BROYLES & JONES, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Office in Grant Building, corner Marietta and Broad streets. ATLANTA, GA.
Will practice in the Federal and State Courts.
378 dec16—dtf

D. W. ROUNTREE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, QUITMAN, BROOKS COUNTY, GEORGIA.
Will practice in all the Courts of the Southern Circuit and in Madison and Jefferson county, Florida.
86 aug5,1880—dly

JNO. D. CUNNINGHAM, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Office in Centennial Building.
No. 3½ Whitehall Street, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
241 june13—d6m

S. G. McLENDON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, THOMASVILLE, GEORGIA.
Collections promptly attended to. Office corner Broad and Jackson streets, opposite Mitchell House.
613 july19,'80—dly

ATLANTA FEMALE INSTITUTE, ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
Mrs. J. W. BALLARD, PRINCIPAL.
The exercises of this Institute will be resumed Monday, September 6th, 1880. French is taught practically in every department without extra charge. Music—Vocal and Instrumental—under the skillful management of Prof. Alfredo Barili, is taught as an art and on the plan of the Musical Conservatories of Europe. For Circulars apply to Principal.
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Sign, Fresco and House Painters,
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ATLANTA ....GEORGIA.
543 mar28—dtf

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Has a reputation unequalled in the South for furnishing a complete musical education at more nominal rates, combined with rare collateral advantages. For circulars address
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